

BRICS
Joint Statistical
Publication
2025







Brazil

China

Egypt









Ethiopia

India

Indonesia







Iran

Russia

South Africa



United Arab Emirates

Snapshot

BRICS
Joint Statistical
Publication
2025

BRAZILIAN INSTITUTE OF GEOGRAPHY AND STATISTICS - IBGE

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BRICS Joint Statistical Publication 2025



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Table 1.1 General Information on BRICS Countries - 2024

Country	Area of territory (1 000 sq. km)	Capital city	Mid-year population (million persons)	Population density (persons per sq. km)	National currency
Brazil	8 510	Brasília	212.6	25.0	Real - R\$
China	9 600	Beijing	1 409.0	146.7	Renminbi - RMB
Egypt	1 002	Cairo	106.6	105.6	The Egyptian pound - EGP
Ethiopia	1 151	Addis Ababa		•••	Birr
India	3 287	New Delhi	⁽¹⁾ 1 404.9	427.4	Rupee - ₹
Indonesia	1 892	DKI Jakarta	281.6	149.0	Rupiah - IDR
Iran	1 631	Tehran	86	52.7	Rial
Russia	⁽²⁾ 17 234	Moscow	146.1	8.5	Rouble - Rub
South Africa	1 221	Pretoria	63.0	51.6	Rand - ZAR
UAE	71	Abu Dhabi			Dirhams - DHS

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1. BPS-Statistics Indonesia. 2. Ministry of Home Affairs of Indonesia.

Russia

1. Federal State Statistics Service of the Russian Federation. 2. Federal Service for State Registration, Cadastre and Cartography.

South Africa

Statistics South Africa.

UAE

Federal Competitiveness and Statistics Center - FCSC.

Footnotes

India

(1) Projected population as on 1 July 2024 based on Census 2011.

Russia

(2) As on 1 January 2024.

Table 1.2 Economic and Social Indicators Comparison of BRICS Countries

	Year	Value
Population		
Mid-year (million persons)		
Brazil ⁽¹⁾	2024	212.6
China	2024	1 409.0
Egypt	2024	106.6
Ethiopia	2023	107.5
India ⁽²⁾	2024	1 404.9
Indonesia	2024	281.6
Iran	2024	86.0
Russia	2024	146.1
South Africa	2024	63.0
UAE	2023	10.7
Male (%)		
Brazil	2024	48.8
China	2024	51.1
Egypt	2024	51.4
Ethiopia	2023	50.1
India ⁽²⁾	2024	51.4
Indonesia	2024	50.5
Iran	2024	50.5
Russia	2024	46.5
South Africa	2024	49.0
UAE	2023	64.1
Female (%)		
Brazil	2024	51.2
China	2024	48.9
Egypt	2024	48.6
Ethiopia	2023	49.9
India ⁽²⁾	2024	48.6
Indonesia	2024	49.5
Iran	2024	49.5
Russia	2024	53.5
South Africa	2024	51.0
UAE	2023	35.9

Table 1.2 Economic and Social Indicators Comparison of BRICS Countries

		(continued)
	Year	Value
Population density (persons per sq. km)		
Brazil ⁽¹⁾	2024	25.0
China	2024	146.7
Egypt	2024	105.6
Ethiopia ⁽³⁾	2023	93.2
India ⁽²⁾	2024	⁽⁴⁾ 427.4
Indonesia ⁽⁵⁾	2024	149.0
Iran	2024	52.7
Russia	2024	8.5
South Africa	2024	51.6
UAE	2023	150.4
Crude birth rate (per 1 000 persons)		
Brazil	2024	11.7
China	2024	6.8
Egypt	2023	19.4
Ethiopia	2023	24.2
India	2020	19.5
Indonesia	2024	16.3
Iran	2021	14.0
Russia ⁽⁶⁾	2023	8.6
South Africa	2024	19.6
UAE	2022	9.4
Crude death rate (per 1 000 persons)		
Brazil	2024	7.1
China	2024	7.8
Egypt	2023	5.5
Ethiopia	2023	5.7
India	2020	6.0
Indonesia	2024	6.0
Iran	2024	***
Russia ⁽⁶⁾	2023	12.1
South Africa	2024	8.7
UAE	2022	1.1

Table 1.2 Economic and Social Indicators Comparison of BRICS Countries

	Year	Value
Infant mortality rate (per 1 000 live births)		
Brazil	2024	12.2
China	2023	4.5
Egypt	2023	20.0
Ethiopia	2023	45.8
India	2020	28.0
Indonesia	2024	14.1
Iran	2023	8.3
Russia	2023	4.2
South Africa	2024	22.9
UAE	2022	4.6
Maternal mortality rate (per 100 000 live births)		
Brazil	2023	57.7
China	2023	15.1
Egypt	2023	41.0
Ethiopia	2019	199.0
India	2020	97.0
Indonesia	2020	189.0
Iran	2023	23.4
Russia	2023	13.3
South Africa	2020	88.6
UAE	2022	5.0
Life expectancy at birth		
Brazil	2024	76.6
China	2020	77.9
Egypt	2024	71.6
Ethiopia	2023	66.5
India	2000	70.0
Indonesia	2024	74.1
Iran	2024	
Russia	2024	72.8
South Africa	2024	66.5
UAE	2022	83.1

Table 1.2 Economic and Social Indicators Comparison of BRICS Countries

		(continued)
	Year	Value
Women's Participation in National Parliament (C	Congress) (%)	
Brazil	2022	17.7
China (NPC)	2024	
(CPPCC)	2024	
Egypt	2020	27.4
Ethiopia	2024	
India	2019	14.4
Indonesia	2023	22.1
Iran	2024	•••
Russia ⁽⁷⁾	2024	17.9
South Africa (NA)	2022	46.0
(NCOP)	2022	36.0
UAE	2023	50.0
Labour Force		
Share of Labour Force to population 15 years an	d over (%)	
Brazil ⁽⁸⁾	2024	63.8
China ⁽⁹⁾	2024	52.1
Egypt	2024	44.2
Ethiopia	2024	
India ⁽¹⁰⁾	2024	60.1
Indonesia	2024	70.6
Iran	2023	41.3
Russia ⁽¹¹⁾⁽¹²⁾	2024	62.9
South Africa	2024	55.6
UAE	2022	63.9
Unemployment rate (%)		
Brazil ⁽⁸⁾	2024	6.6
China ⁽¹³⁾	2024	5.1
Egypt	2024	6.6
Ethiopia	2022	18.9
India	2024	3.2
Indonesia	2024	4.9
Iran	2023	8.1
Russia ⁽¹¹⁾⁽¹²⁾	2024	2.5
South Africa	2024	32.3
UAE	2023	2.2

Table 1.2 Economic and Social Indicators Comparison of BRICS Countries

		(continuea)
	Year	Value
National Accounts		
GDP (current prices/billion US\$)		
Brazil ⁽¹⁴⁾	2024	2 179
China ⁽¹⁵⁾⁽¹⁶⁾	2024	^(P) 18 943
Egypt ⁽¹⁷⁾	2024	381
Ethiopia	2023	164
India ⁽¹⁸⁾	2023	3 638
Indonesia	2024	1 397
Iran	2024	
Russia	2024	2 164
South Africa	2024	400
UAE	2023	514
Per capita GDP (current prices/US\$)		
Brazil ⁽¹⁴⁾	2024	10 251
China ⁽¹⁵⁾	2024	^(P) 13 445
Egypt ⁽¹⁷⁾	2024	3 576
Ethiopia	2023	1 549
India ⁽¹⁸⁾	2023	2 608
Indonesia	2024	4 960
Iran	2024	
Russia	2024	14 808
South Africa	2024	6 425
UAE	2023	48 141
Prices		
Consumer Price Index (% change from preceding	g years)	
Brazil	2024	4.8
China	2024	0.2
Egypt ⁽¹⁹⁾	2024	27.9
Ethiopia	2023	32.5
India	2024	4.9
Indonesia	2024	1.6
Iran	2023	40.7
Russia	2024	8.5
South Africa	2024	4.4
UAE	2023	1.6

Table 1.2 Economic and Social Indicators Comparison of BRICS Countries

		(continued)
	Year	Value
Producer Price Index (% change from preceding	years)	
Brazil ⁽²⁰⁾	2024	9.4
China (industrial products)	2024	(-) 2.2
Egypt ⁽²¹⁾	2023	26.6
Ethiopia	2021	24.4
India	2024	
Indonesia	2024	0.0
Iran	2023	44.3
Russia (industrial products)(22)	2024	12.1
South Africa (final manufactured goods)	2024	3.1
UAE	2024	
Science and Technology		
Proportion of R&D Expenditure to GDP (%)		
Brazil	2023	0.3
China	2024	^(P) 2.7
Egypt	2020	0.2
Ethiopia	2024	
India	2020	0.6
Indonesia	2020	0.3
Iran	2022	0.6
Russia ⁽²³⁾	2023	1.0
South Africa	2022	0.8
UAE	2021	1.5
Full-Time Equivalent of R&D Personnel (person	-year)	
Brazil	2024	
China	2023	7 240 600
Egypt	2024	
Ethiopia	2024	
India	2021	⁽²⁴⁾ 361 924
Indonesia	2024	
Iran	2022	255 997
Russia	2023	735 864
South Africa	2018	43 774
UAE	2022	40 190

Table 1.2 Economic and Social Indicators Comparison of BRICS Countries

		(continueu)
	Year	Value
People's Living Standards		
Public expenditure on education as % of GDP		
Brazil ⁽²⁵⁾	2023	4.9
China ⁽²⁶⁾	2023	4.0
Egypt	2024	1.6
Ethiopia	2024	
India	2022	4.5
Indonesia	2022	1.3
Iran	2024	
Russia ⁽²⁷⁾	2021	3.5
South Africa	2022	6.9
UAE	2021	3.9
Public expenditure on health as % of GDP		
Brazil ⁽²⁵⁾	2023	4.7
China ⁽²⁶⁾	2023	7.2
Egypt	2024	1.2
Ethiopia	2024	
India	2022	1.4
Indonesia	2024	
Iran	2024	
Russia ⁽²⁸⁾	2021	3.8
South Africa	2022	4
UAE	2021	3.4
Gini coefficient		
Brazil	2024	0.506
China ⁽²⁹⁾	2024	0.465
Egypt	2022	0.270
Ethiopia	2024	
India	2024	
Urban	2024	0.284
Rural	2024	0.237
Indonesia	2024	0.379
Iran	2023	0.398
Russia ⁽³⁰⁾	2024	(P)0.408
South Africa ⁽³¹⁾	2024	3.400
UAE	2020	0.295
O/ LE	2020	3.238

Table 1.2 Economic and Social Indicators Comparison of BRICS Countries

		(continued)
	Year	Value
Industry		
Industrial production (preceding year = 100) (%)		
Brazil	2024	103.1
China	2024	105.8
Egypt	2023	101.7
Ethiopia	2024	
India ⁽³²⁾	2023	^(P) 105.9
Indonesia	2024	^(P) 157.1
Iran	2024	
Russia ⁽³³⁾	2024	104.6
South Africa ⁽³⁴⁾	2024	93
UAE	2024	
Iron ore production (million tons)		
Brazil	2022	511
China	2024	1 042
Egypt	2021	13
Ethiopia	2024	
India	2023	277
Indonesia	2024	
Iran	2022	107
Russia (concentrate of iron ore)	2024	91
South Africa	2022	64
UAE	2024	
Steel production (million tons)		
Brazil	2022	47
China	2024	1 005
Egypt	2021	53
Ethiopia	2024	
India	2024	149
Indonesia	2024	
Iran	2024	
Russia ⁽³⁵⁾	2024	71
South Africa (million Rand)	2024	
UAE	2024	
·	:	

Table 1.2 Economic and Social Indicators Comparison of BRICS Countries

	Year	Value
Passenger cars production (1 000 sets)		
Brazil	2022	1 810
China	2022	21 968
Egypt	2021	0.001
Ethiopia	2024	
India	2021	^(P) 2 185
Indonesia	2024	
Iran	2024	
Russia	2024	756
South Africa	2024	
UAE	2024	
Energy		
Petroleum production (million tons)		
Brazil	2023	198
China	2024	213
Egypt	2022	28
Ethiopia	2023	4
India	2023	29
Indonesia	2024	29
Iran	2024	
Russia ⁽³⁶⁾	2022	535
South Africa	2024	•••
UAE ⁽³⁷⁾	2022	153
Coal production (million tons)		
Brazil	2023	6
China	2024	4 781
Egypt	2021	106
Ethiopia	2024	1 501
India ⁽³⁸⁾	2024	929
Indonesia	2024	834
Iran	2022	4
Russia	2024	427
South Africa	2024	236
UAE	2024	

Table 1.2 Economic and Social Indicators Comparison of BRICS Countries

		(continued)
	Year	Value
Natural gas (million cu.m)		
Brazil	2023	54 681
China	2024	246 450
Egypt	2022	59 322
Ethiopia	2020	205
India	2023	36 438
Indonesia	2024	
Iran	2024	
Russia ⁽³⁹⁾	2024	684 920
South Africa	2024	
UAE ⁽⁴⁰⁾	2022	55 574
Electricity production (billion kWh)		
Brazil	2023	708
China	2024	10 087
Egypt	2022	214
Ethiopia	2022	15
India ⁽⁴¹⁾	2023	⁽⁴²⁾ 1 949
Indonesia	2024	344
Iran	2024	
Russia	2024	1 209
South Africa	2024	235
UAE ⁽⁴³⁾	2022	155
Primary energy production (mtoe)		
Brazil	2023	391
China ⁽⁴⁴⁾	2024	^(P) 3 486
Egypt (ktoe)	2022	93 576
Ethiopia ⁽⁴⁵⁾	2024	
India ⁽⁴⁶⁾	2023	^(P) 522
Indonesia	2023	535
Iran	2024	***
Russia	2021	1 451
South Africa	2022	148
UAE	2022	253

Table 1.2 Economic and Social Indicators Comparison of BRICS Countries

	Year	Value		
Consumption of energy (mtoe)				
Brazil	2023	314		
China ⁽⁴⁴⁾	2024	^(P) 4 172		
Egypt (ktoe)	2022	58 758		
Ethiopia ⁽⁴⁷⁾	2024			
India ⁽⁴⁸⁾	2024	^(P) 4 172		
Indonesia	2023	169.0		
Iran	2024	•••		
Russia	2021	1 220		
South Africa	2022	81		
UAE	2024			
Agriculture				
Cultivated land (million hectares)				
Brazil	2024	(P)95		
China	2023	129		
Egypt	2023	4.1		
Ethiopia	2023	24		
India ⁽⁴⁹⁾	2021	154		
Indonesia	2019	7.5		
Iran	2024			
Russia	2023	126		
South Africa	2024	***		
UAE	2022	0.09		
Cereals production (million tons)				
Brazil	2024	^(P) 122		
China	2024	652		
Egypt	2023	113		
Ethiopia	2023	61		
India ⁽⁴⁹⁾	2023	(50)304		
Indonesia	2023	53.98		
Iran ⁽⁵¹⁾	2022	14.8		
Russia	2024	126		
South Africa	2024	15.25		
UAE	2022	0.02		

Table 1.2 Economic and Social Indicators Comparison of BRICS Countries

		(continued)
	Year	Value
Fruits and vegetables (million tons)		
Brazil	2023	74.4
China	2024	1 200.8
Egypt	2023	39.0
Ethiopia	2021	2.7
India	2023	317.6
Indonesia	2024	43.8
Iran	2024	
Russia ⁽⁵²⁾	2024	20.4
South Africa	2024	87.6
UAE	2022	0.7
Meat production (1 000 tons)		
Brazil	2024	22 040
China	2024	97 799
Egypt	2023	650
Ethiopia	2023	603
India ⁽⁵³⁾	2023	10 253
Indonesia	2024	***
Iran ⁽⁵⁴⁾	2024	403
Russia ⁽⁵⁵⁾	2024	^(P) 12 257
South Africa	2024	3 546
UAE	2024	
Fish catch (1 000 tons)		
Brazil	2024	
China	2023	7 368
Egypt	2022	1 993
Ethiopia	2024	
India ⁽⁵³⁾	2023	18 402
Indonesia	2023	7 846
Iran	2024	
Russia ⁽⁵⁶⁾	2024	4 913
South Africa	2024	
UAE	2022	66

Table 1.2 Economic and Social Indicators Comparison of BRICS Countries

		(continued)
	Year	Value
Transport		
Length of railways in operation (1 000 km)		
Brazil	2024	30.6
China	2023	159
Egypt	2021	10.0
Ethiopia	2023	0.8
India	2023	69
Indonesia	2024	
Iran	2023	12
Russia	2023	87
South Africa	2023	24
UAE	2024	
Length of highways (1 000 km)		
Brazil ⁽⁵⁷⁾	2024	122.2
China	2023	5 437
Egypt	2024	
Ethiopia	2020	29
India ⁽⁵⁸⁾	2021	^(P) 335
Indonesia	2024	
Iran	2023	24
Russia ⁽⁵⁹⁾	2023	1 125
South Africa	2024	
UAE	2022	2
Passenger traffic by air (million persons-km)		
Brazil ⁽⁶⁰⁾	2024	251 059
China	2024	1 291 471
Egypt	2021	23 768
Ethiopia	2023	15
India ⁽⁶¹⁾	2024	(P)234 037
Indonesia	2024	
Iran	2021	11 231
Russia	2023	264 699
South Africa	2024	
UAE	2024	

Table 1.2 Economic and Social Indicators Comparison of BRICS Countries

		(continued)		
	Year	Value		
External Economic Relations				
Value of imports of goods and commercial services (million US\$)				
Brazil	2024	377 050		
China	2023	3 125 185		
Egypt	2023	82 265		
Ethiopia	2024			
India	2023	856 525		
Indonesia	2024			
Iran	2024			
Russia	2024	381 451		
South Africa	2024	119 489		
UAE	2023	481 852		
Value of exports of goods and commercial serv	ices (million US\$)			
Brazil	2024	388 333		
China	2023	3 511 248		
Egypt	2023	68 218		
Ethiopia	2024			
India	2023	437 072		
Indonesia	2024			
Iran	2024			
Russia	2024	475 277		
South Africa	2024	127 482		
UAE	2023	558 402		
Foreign exchange reserves (million US\$)				
Brazil	2024	329 730		
China	2023	3 237 977		
Egypt	2024	***		
Ethiopia	2024			
India	2024	640 479		
Indonesia	2024			
Iran	2024			
Russia ⁽⁶²⁾	2024	385 567		
South Africa ⁽⁶³⁾	2024	65 459		
UAE	2024			

Table 1.2 Economic and Social Indicators Comparison of BRICS Countries

	(
	Year	Value	
Share of external debts to GDP (%)			
Brazil	2024	32.8	
China	2023	13.7	
Egypt	2023	43.0	
Ethiopia	2023	17.3	
India	2024	19.4	
Indonesia	2024		
Iran	2024		
Russia ⁽⁶²⁾	2024	14.7	
South Africa	2024	42.1	
UAE	2024		

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Snapshot

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India

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Russia

1. Federal State Statistics Service of the Russian Federation. 2. Federal Service for State Registration, Cadastre and Cartography. 3. Federal Agency for Air Transport. 4. Federal Road Agency. 5. Bank of Russia. 6. Federal Agency for Fishery.

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1. Other data in this table has been taken from tables of other chapters of this publication. Data sources are given in those chapter. 2. CeSTII. (2017). South African National Survey of Research and Experimental Development (Statistical Report: 2015/16). Pretoria: Department of Science and Technology. 3. www.pa.org.za, June 2017. 4. Department of Energy.

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Footnotes

Specific footnotes and sources of data may be seen from the respective chapters of the indicators. Some data are provisional (P) and budget estimates (BE).

Brazil

- Information about the mid-year population and demographic indicators were obtained from Projections of the Population of Brazil and Federation Units, by sex and age. Review 2024.
- (8) Population 15 years old and older. Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics IBGE.
- (14) Data are derived from quarterly GDP results.
- (20) From 2014 onwards, Producer price index refers to Mining and quarrying and manufacturing, source IBGE. Before 2014 data from Fundação Getúlio Vargas FGV an economic index called the Wholesale Price Index (WPI), which collects wholesale prices agriculture and industry.
- (25) STN, SOF, IBGE. The data consists of General Government finance statistics and is compiled according to the methodology established by the Government Finance Statistics Manual (GFSM 2014), developed by the International Monetary Fund (IMF). The presented data follows the COFOG Classification of Functions of Government. The COFOG was de-

veloped by the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development and published by the United Nations Statistical Division as a standard methodology of classification of the purposes of government activities.

- (57) Federal roads.
- (60) Domestic and international flights.
- (P) Preliminary data.

China

- (9) Share of number of employed persons to national population.
- (13) Urban Surveyed Unemployment Rate.
- (15) GDP and Per Capita GDP in US dollars are converted using the annual average exchange rates.
- (16) Data of GDP are calculated at producers' prices.
- (26) Government appropriation for education as percentage of GDP.
- (29) Data of Gini coefficient are based on per capita annual disposable income.
- (44) Electric power in total primary energy production and total consumption of energy are converted on the basis of equal caloric value.
- (P) Preliminary data.

Egypt

- (17) GDP in US dollars are converted using the annual exchange rates.
- (19) Consumer Price Index from the Previous Year (Total Egypt).
- (21) The annual change rates have been revised based on the development of the Producer Price Index series with a base of January 2016, starting from September 2017, taking into account overlapping periods when calculating the annual changes for 2017 and 2018.

Ethiopia

- (3) Population density (persons per sq. km) = Total Population (Mid-year (thousands persons)/Total Area Where: Total Population is the projected population and Total Area is the geographic area size of the region, measured in square kilometers.
- (45) Primary energy production = primary energy production refers to energy forms that are captured directly from natural resource. Therefore in our case the primary energy includes electricity from renewable energy biomass and coal.
- (47) Consumption energy (mtoe) = the entire amount of energy utilized by a country; region or sector over a given time of periods is measured by the energy consumption indicator.

India

- (2) For 2000, population projections are based on Census 1991 and for remaining years population projections are based on Census 2011.
- (4) Projected population as on 1 July 2024 based on Census 2011.

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- (10) Share of labour force that belong to the population of the age group 15 years and older.
- (18) GDP in US\$ is computed using average Real Exchange Rate taken from RBI's website. The average is based on the data for the period April 1st to March 31st of the FY. Data relate to new base year (2011-12).
- (24) Information pertaining to Full Time Equivalent collected for 2017-18 as on 1.4.2018 and for 2020-21 as on 01.04.2021.
- (32) The data pertains to financial year. IIP figure for the year 2000 pertains to base year 1993-94 and from 2012 onwards pertains to base year 2011-12. Figures for 2023 is provisional.
- (38) Coal Production data pertains to Financial year.
- (41) The data pertains to financial year. Information pertains to Gross Electricity production in utilities (including thermal, hydro & nuclear) and non-utilities.
- (42) Estimated data.
- (46) Primary energy comprises of coal, lignite, crude petroleum, natural gas and electricity.
- (48) Includes energy from coal, lignite, crude petroleum (Crude oil in terms of refinery crude throughput), Natural gas & Electricity (Hydro, Nuclear & other renewable sources electricity from utilities).
- (49) The period of agricultural year is from July to June.
- (50) As per Third Advance Estimates 2023-24.
- (53) The data pertain to March to February. Meat production from commercial poultry farm is included from 2007-2008.
- (58) The information is as on 31st March of the year indicated in the table. The information on highways includes both national and state highways (excluding rural roads, project roads, urban roads, etc.).
- (61) Information pertains to Financial Year. The figures are for Scheduled Indian operators for their Domestic & International operations.
- (P) Provisional.

Indonesia

(5) Population density of 2020, 2021, and 2022 is calculated based on the population of the Indonesian Population Projection for 2020-2050 and other years from Statistics Indonesia.

Iran

- (51) Includes wheat, barley, paddy and maize.
- (54) Red meat production: According to the results of the slaughter survey of official slaughter-houses & 80% of the animals offered for slaughtering.

Russia

- (6) Data for 2011-2022 are presented based on the All-Russian Population Census 2020 results.
- (7) According to data from the Office of the State Duma and the Office of the Federation Council of the Federal Assembly of the Russian Federation as of January 1.
- (11) Before 2017 data on population 15-72 years, since 2017 on population 15 years and older. Data for 2013-2022 are presented based on the All-Russian Population Census 2020 results.
- (12) According to ILO methodology.
- (22) Before 2012 the aggregate index by economic activities "Mining and quarrying", "Manufacturing", "Electricity, gas and water production and supply"; since 2013 by economic activities "Mining and quarrying", "Manufacturing", "Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply", "Water supply, water removal, waste management and activity on liquidation of pollution".
- (23) Proportion of internal research and development expenditure to GDP.
- (27) Since 2005, data are presented taking into account the budgets of state extra-budgetary funds.
- (28) Since 2005, data are presented taking into account the budgets of state extra-budgetary funds. 2000 expenditures on health and physical culture.
- (30) Calculations of Gini Index are based on household budget sample surveys and macroeconomic average per capita monetary income data. Data for 2011-2022 are revised based on the All-Russian Population Census 2020 results.
- (33) Before and including 2013 the aggregate index by economic activities "Mining and quarrying", "Manufacturing", "Electricity, gas and water production and supply"; since 2014 by economic activities "Mining and quarrying", "Manufacturing", "Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply", "Water supply, water removal, waste management and activity on liquidation of pollution".
- (35) Since 2017 steel production including unalloyed, stainless, alloyed other steel in ingots or other primary forms and semi-finished products from the above types of steel are taken into account.
- (36) Since 2020 dewatered, demineralized and stabilized petroleum, including natural gas liquids.
- (39) Since 2010 including natural and associated gas.
- (52) Fruits (excluding nuts), berries, grapes and melons.
- (55) Livestock and poultry for slaughter.
- (56) Catch of fish and other live wild aquatic organisms.
- (59) Length of public paved roads in operation (including highways). At the end of the year.
- (62) At the end of the year.
- (P) Preliminary data.

Snapshot

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South Africa

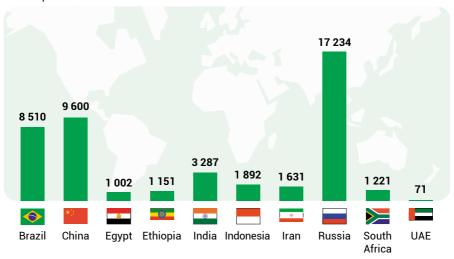
- (31) Gini is per capita expenditure excluding taxes.
- (34) 2019 = 100.
- (63) This includes gold.

UAE

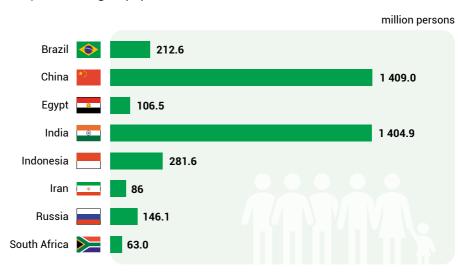
- (37) Crude oil.
- (40) Marketed natural gas.
- (43) Twh.

Graph 1.1 Area of territory - 2024

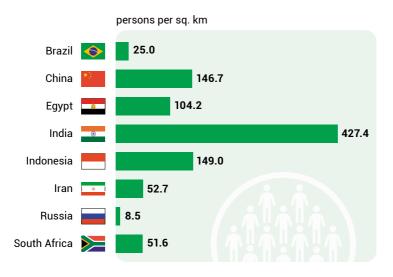




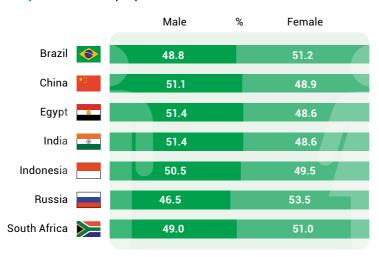
Graph 1.2 Mid-year population - 2024



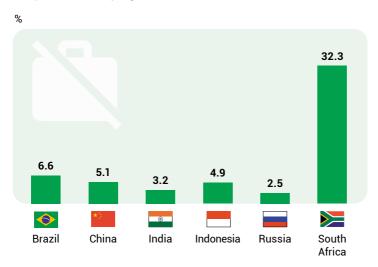
Graph 1.3 Population density - 2024



Graph 1.4 Gender proportions - 2024



Graph 1.5 Unemployment rate - 2024



Graph 1.6 Consumer Price Index - 2024

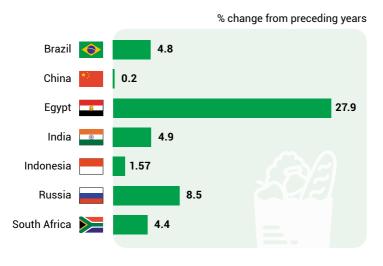






Table 2.1 Summary of Population on BRICS Countries

	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Total (Mid-year) ((million per	sons)					
Brazil ⁽¹⁾	174.7	194.7	209.2	210.1	210.9	211.7	212.6
China ⁽²⁾	1 262.6	1 337.7	1 411.1	1 412.4	1 412.2	1 410.7	1 409.0
Egypt		80.4	100.6	102.0	103.6	105.2	106.6
Ethiopia			100.8	103.0	105.2	107.5	
India ⁽³⁾	1 002.1	1 182.1	1 353.4	1 367.2	1 379.7	1 392.3	1 404.91
Indonesia	205.8	238.5	269.6	272.7	275.7	278.7	281.6
Iran	64.2		83.4	84.0	84.7	85.3	86.0
Russia	146.6	142.8	147.7	147.2	146.7	146.3	146.1
South Africa ⁽⁴⁾		51.4	60.0	60.6	61.4	62.2	63
UAE	3.2	7.0	9.3	9.9	10.3	^(P) 10.7	
Male (million per	sons)						
Brazil ⁽¹⁾	85.7	95.3	102.1	102.6	102.9	103.3	103.7
China ⁽²⁾	651.5	687.0	722.0	723.3	722.6	721.2	719.7
Egypt		41.2	51.7	52.5	53.3	54.1	54.8
Ethiopia			50.6	51.6	52.7	54.0	
India ⁽³⁾	518.6	611.9	695.7	702.7	709.0	715.3	721.575
Indonesia	103.2	119.9	136.3	137.9	139.3	140.8	142.2
Iran	32.6		42.2	42.4	42.8	43.1	43.4
Russia	68.5	66	68.6	68.4	68.2	68	67.9
South Africa ⁽⁴⁾		25.0	29.4	29.7	30.1	30.5	30.9
UAE	2.2	4.7	6.0	6.3	6.6	^(P) 6.8	
Female (million persons)							
Brazil	89.0	99.5	107.0	107.6	108.0	108.4	108.9
China ⁽²⁾	611.1	650.7	689.1	689.0	689.6	689.5	689.3
Egypt		39.2	48.8	49.5	50.3	51.1	51.8
Ethiopia			50.3	51.3	52.4	53.5	
India ⁽³⁾	483.5	570.2	657.6	664.5	670.8	677.0	683.335
Indonesia	102.7	118.7	133.2	134.8	136.4	137.9	139.4
Iran	31.6		41.2	41.6	41.9	42.2	42.6
Russia	78.1	76.8	79.1	78.8	78.5	78.3	78.2
South Africa ⁽⁴⁾		26.4	30.6	30.9	31.3	31.7	32.1
UAE	0.9	2.3	3.3	3.5	3.7	(P)3.8	

Table 2.1 Summary of Population on BRICS Countries

UAF

(continued) 2000 2010 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Urban (million persons) Brazil ... China(2) 459 1 669.8 902.2 914.3 920.7 932.7 943 5 Egypt 43.1 43.8 44.5 45.1 45.7 34.6 Ethiopia 21.8 22.8 23.8 24.8 India⁽³⁾ 286.2 353.1 463.1 472.1 480.9 489.7 498.515 Indonesia Iran 41.4 63.1 63.8 64.6 65.4 66.2 Russia 107.2 105.2 110.4 110.1 109.8 109.6 109.6 South Africa⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾ UAF **Rural (million persons)** Brazil China⁽²⁾ 808.4 671.1 509.9 498.4 491.0 477.0 464.8 Egypt 45.9 57.5 58.3 59.1 60.0 60.9 Ethiopia⁽⁶⁾ 79.0 80.2 81.4 82.5 India⁽³⁾ 715.9 829.0 890.3 895.1 898.8 902.6 906.395 Indonesia Iran 22.8 20.3 20.2 20.1 19.9 19.8 Russia 39 4 37.6 37.3 37.1 36 9 36 7 36.5 South Africa(4)(5) UAE Crude birth rate (per 1 000 persons) Brazil 20.5 12.2 11.7 15.1 13.1 12.8 12 China 14.0 11.9 8.5 7.5 6.8 6.4 6.8 Egypt Ethiopia India 25.8 22.1 19.5 Indonesia 20.6 21 17.1 16.9 16.6 17.1 16.3 Iran 14.0 14.0 Russia⁽⁷⁾ 8.7 12.5 9.7 9.5 8.9 8.6 South Africa 23.2 20.4 20.3 20.1 19.8 19.6

Table 2.1 Summary of Population on BRICS Countries

	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Crude death rate	(per 1 000	persons)					
Brazil	6.4	6.2	7.6	8.9	7.4	7	7.1
China	6.5	7.1	7.1	7.2	7.4	7.9	7.8
Egypt							
Ethiopia							
India	8.5	7.2	6.0				
Indonesia	7	6.4	4.7	5.8	5.8	5.9	6
Iran							
Russia ⁽⁷⁾	15.3	14.2	14.5	16.6	12.9	12.1	
South Africa		11.8	8.8	11.1	10.3	8.7	8.7
UAE							
Total dependancy	ratio (%)						
Brazil	63.0	54.7	54.5	54.7	55.0	55.4	55.9
China	42.6	34.2	45.9	46.3	46.6	46.5	45.8
Egypt ⁽⁸⁾		55.3	61.6	61.6	⁽⁸⁾ 61.0	⁽⁸⁾ 60.4	(8)59.8
Ethiopia				0.62			
India				55.7			
Indonesia	54.7	50.5	44.3	44.4	44.5	44.6	44.8
Iran			44.1	44.0	43.7	43.6	43.3
Russia	66.2	62.6	77.8	74.1	75.5	72.5	72.6
South Africa		52.9	52.9	52.7	52.4	52.0	51.6
UAE							

Sources

Brazil

Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics - IBGE.

China

National Bureau of Statistics of China, China Statistical Yearbooks 2001-2024 and China Statistical Abstract 2024.

Ethiopia

Ethiopian Statistical Service - ESS.

India

Ministry of Home Affairs, Office of the Registrar General of India.

Indonesia

BPS-Statistics Indonesia.

Russia

Federal State Statistics Service of the Russian Federation.

South Africa

Statistics South Africa MYPF 2020 series

LIAF

Federal Competitiveness and Statistics Centre - FCSC.

Footnotes

Brazil

(1) Information about the mid-year population and demographic indicators were obtained from Projections of the Population of Brazil and Federation Units, by sex and age. Review 2024.

China

(2) Data in 2000 and 2020 are estimated from National Population Census respectively, The other data are estimated from annual national sample survey on population changes. For historical data, please refer to the newly version. Statistical discrepancies on totals and relative figures due to rounding are not adjusted here. Data of urban and rural are year-end data

Egypt

(8) The college's age dependency ratio was calculated according to future population projections (2022-2072).

Ethiopia

(6) Population Projection.

India

(3) For 2000, population projections are based on Census 1991, for 2001-2010, population projections is based on Census 2001 and for the remaining years, population projections are based on Census 2011. The projected population is as of 1st July. Whereas, the dependency ratio is as of 1st March.

Russia

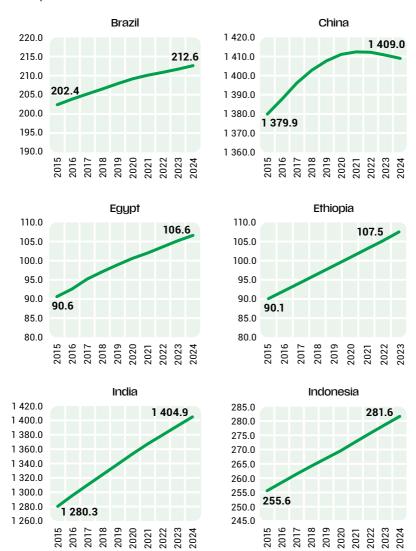
(7) Data for 2011-2022 are presented based on the All-Russian Population Census 2020 results.

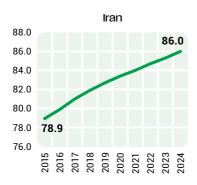
South Africa

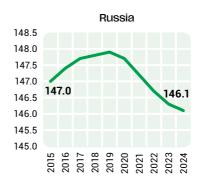
- (4) Population estimation series not active in 2000. Population figures can not be verified.
- (5) Population estimation series does not split population into rural/urban.
- (P) Preliminary data.

Graph 2.1 Mid-year population - 2015-2024

million persons







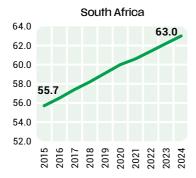








Table 3.1 Summary of Labour Force on BRICS Countries

	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Share of Labou	ır Force to p	opulation	15 years ar	nd over (%)			
Brazil ⁽¹⁾			60.1	61.6	62.9	63.4	63.8
Male			70.8	72.4	73.2	73.7	74.2
Female			50.1	51.5	53.3	53.7	54.1
China ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	56.9	56.8	53.2	52.8	52.0	52.5	52.1
Male							
Female							
Egypt	29.4	49.5	41.5	42.9	42.7	43.4	44.2
Male		75.0	67.4	69.0	69.1	69.6	70.3
Female		23.2	40.3	15.2	14.9	15.9	16.9
Ethiopia							
Male							
Female							
India ⁽⁴⁾	61.7	57.1	53.5	54.9	55.2	57.9	60.1
Male	83.6	80.6	76.8	77.0	77.2	78.5	78.8
Female	39.1	32.6	30.0	32.5	32.8	37.0	41.7
Indonesia	67.8	67.7	67.8	67.8	68.6	69.5	70.6
Male	84.2	83.8	82.4	82.3	83.9	84.3	84.7
Female	51.7	51.8	53.1	53.3	53.4	54.5	56.4
Iran			41.3	40.9	40.9	41.3	•••
Male			68.7	68.7	68.2	68.4	
Female			13.9	13.3	13.6	14.2	•••
Russia ⁽⁵⁾	65.5	67.7	61.9	62.3	62.2	62.8	62.9
Male	71.5	73.8	69.8	70.2	69.9	70.6	70.6
Female	60.0	62.2	55.4	55.7	55.8	56.3	56.5
South Africa		52.3	50.5	52.0	53.5	55.0	55.6
Male		60.6	57.4	59.1	60.3	61.4	61.7
Female		44.6	44.1	45.4	47.1	49.0	49.8
UAE		•••	66.3	63.0	63.9	65.2	
Male			74.4	77.0	77.0	78.5	
Female			49.5	40.1	42.6	42.1	

Table 3.1 Summary of Labour Force on BRICS Countries

						(continueu)	
	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Share of emplo	oyed person	s in the pri	imary indus	stry to tota	l employed	persons (%	6)
Brazil ⁽⁶⁾			9.2	9.8	8.7	8.1	7.6
Male			12.7	13.4	12.3	11.6	10.9
Female			4.3	4.6	4.1	3.4	3.3
China ⁽³⁾	50.0	36.7	23.6	22.9	24.1	22.8	
Male							
Female	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	•••
Egypt		•••				•••	•••
Male							
Female		•••	•••				•••
Ethiopia						64.9	
Male							
Female							
India ⁽⁷⁾	62.3	53.8	45.8	46.8	45.8	46.1	46.3
Male	55.6	47.9	40.3	40.2	38.5	37.5	36.6
Female	76.5	69.0	60.0	62.2	63.0	64.3	64.4
Indonesia	45.8	39.5	30.8	29.4	29.7	29.4	29.4
Male	45.0	40.4	33.0	32.3	32.6	32.0	31.9
Female	47.0	38.0	27.4	25.1	25.2	25.3	25.6
Iran							
Male							
Female							
Russia ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁸⁾	14.5	7.7	6	5.9	5.8	5.5	5
Male	17.1	9.9	7.8	7.7	7.7	7.3	6.6
Female	11.7	5.6	4.2	3.9	3.9	3.5	3.3
South Africa	14.5	7.2	8.2	8.3	8.2	8.1	8.2
Male	18.3	9.3	10.7	11.1	10.7	10.7	10.9
Female	10.0	4.4	5.0	4.7	5.0	5.0	5
UAE			2.9	2.8	2.6	6.0	
Male			3.6	3.4	3.3	7.2	
Female			0.7	0.5	0.5	1.6	

Table 3.1 Summary of Labour Force on BRICS Countries

							continueu)
	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Share of emplo	yed person	s in the se	condary in	dustry to to	tal employ	ed persons	s (%)
Brazil ⁽⁶⁾			20.3	20.7	20.2	20.2	20.4
Male			27.1	27.6	27.3	27.3	27.9
Female			10.9	10.9	10.7	10.8	10.5
China ⁽³⁾	22.5	28.7	28.7	29.1	28.8	29.1	
Male							
Female							
Egypt							
Male							
Female							
Ethiopia						5.2	
Male							
Female							
India ⁽⁷⁾	15.3	20.9	23.4	23.6	24.6	25.0	24
Male	17.0	22.7	26.1	26.7	28.0	29.5	28.5
Female	11.4	16.0	16.6	16.3	16.4	16.3	15.5
Indonesia	16.93	18.2	20.5	21.2	21.1	21.0	21.01
Male	18.3	20.0	23.7	24.4	24.0	24.2	24.11
Female	14.72	15.1	15.7	16.4	16.5	16.1	16.31
Iran							
Male							
Female							
Russia ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁹⁾	29.2	27.8	26.4	26.5	26.2	25.9	26.3
Male	35.8	37.5	37.2	37.4	37.1	36.8	37.4
Female	22.3	17.7	15.2	15.1	14.7	14.6	14.9
South Africa	20.6	22	18.5	18.1	18.5	18.0	18.1
Male	26.8	29.3	24.6	23.9	24.7	24.5	24.3
Female	13.1	12.5	10.8	10.5	10.5	9.8	10.4
UAE			26.4	28.3	28.1	27.4	
Male			33.1	35.1	35.0	33.1	
Female			5.4	6.3	6.1	7.1	

Table 3.1 Summary of Labour Force on BRICS Countries

	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Share of emplo)
Brazil			70.4	69.5	71.0	71.7	72
Male			60.1	58.9	60.4	61.1	61.1
Female			84.8	84.4	85.2	85.8	86.2
China ⁽³⁾	27.5	34.6	47.7	48.0	47.1	48.1	
Male							
Female							
Egypt							
Male							
Female							
Ethiopia						29.9	
Male			•••				•••
Female							
India ⁽⁷⁾	22.5	25.3	30.8	29.6	29.7	28.9	29.7
Male	27.5	29.4	33.6	33.1	33.5	32.9	34.9
Female	12.0	15.0	23.5	21.5	20.7	20.4	20.1
Indonesia	37.3	42.3	48.7	49.3	49.2	49.6	49.6
Male	36.7	39.6	43.3	43.4	43.4	43.8	44.0
Female	38.3	46.9	56.9	58.5	58.3	58.6	58.1
Iran							
Male							
Female							
Russia ⁽⁵⁾⁽¹⁰⁾	56.3	64.5	67.6	67.6	68	68.6	68.6
Male	47.1	52.7	55	54.9	55.2	55.9	56
Female	66	76.7	80.7	81	81.4	81.9	81.8
South Africa	64.9	70.7	73.2	73.5	73.3	73.8	73.7
Male	55.0	61.4	64.7	64.9	64.6	64.8	64.8
Female	76.9	83.1	84.1	84.8	84.5	85.2	84.6
UAE			69.0	69.0	69.3	66.6	
Male			61.0	61.4	61.7	59.7	
Female			94.2	93.2	93.3	91.1	

Table 3.1 Summary of Labour Force on BRICS Countries

							001111111111111111111111111111111111111
	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Unempolymen	t rate (%)						
Brazil			13.7	14.0	9.5	7.7	6.6
China ⁽¹¹⁾	•••		5.2	5.1	5.5	5.1	5.1
Egypt	9.0	9.0	7.9	7.4	7.2	7.0	6.6
Ethiopia			18.7	19.4	18.9		
India	2.2	2.1	4.8	4.2	4.1	3.2	3.2
Indonesia	6.1	7.1	7.1	6.5	5.9	5.3	4.9
Iran	•••		9.6	9.2	9.0	8.1	
Russia ⁽⁵⁾	10.6	7.3	5.8	4.8	4	3.2	2.5
South Africa	23.3	24.7	29.2	34.0	33.3	32.1	32.3
UAE			4.3	2.4	2.9	2.2	•••

Sources

Brazil

Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics - IBGE, Continuous National Household Sample Survey 2013-2024. International Labour Organization, ILOStat Database.

China

National Bureau of Statistics of China, China Statistical Yearbook 2001-2024 and China Statistical abstract 2024.

Ethiopia

Ethiopian Statistical Service - ESS.

India

Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation.

Indonesia

BPS-Statistics Indonesia.

Iran

Statistical Center of Iran, Labour Force Survey from 2013 to 2023.

Russia

Federal State Statistics Service of the Russian Federation, Labour Force Sample Survey.

South Africa

Statistics South Africa, Mid-Year Population Estimates (Statistical Release P0302); Labour Force Survey (Statistical Release P0210); and Quarterly Labour Force Survey (Statistical P0211).

UAE

United Arab Emirates Annual Labour Force Survey.

Footnotes

Brazil

- (1) Population 15 years old and over.
- (6) Industry activities: manufacturing, mining and quarrying, electricity, gas and water supply.

China

- (2) Share of number of employed persons to national population.
- (3) The total number of employed persons of 2011-2019 are revised according to the 7 th National Population Census.
- (11) Urban Surveyed Unemployment Rate.

India

From 2018 onwards, the estimates are based on Periodic Labour Force Survey and other estimates are based on the Employment and Unemployment Survey.

- (4) Share of Labour Force belong to the population of the age group 15 years and older.
- (7) The information is based on usual activity status taking into account both principal and subsidiary activity.

Iran

All indexes have been measured for Population 15 years old and over.

Russia

- (5) Before 2017 data on population 15-72 years, since 2017 on population 15 years and older. Data for 2013-2022 are revised based on the All-Russian Population Census 2020 results.
- (8) Including: Agriculture, forestry, animal husbandry and fishery. Data are provided according to NACE Rev. 2, data for 2000 according to NACE Rev.1.
- (9) Including: Mining and quarrying, manufacturing and electricity, gas and water supply, construction. Data are provided according to NACE Rev. 2, data for 2000 according to NACE Rev.1.
- (10) Other economic activities not included in the primary and secondary sectors of the economy. Data are provided according to NACE Rev. 2, data for 2000 – according to NACE Rev.1.





Table 4.1 Summary of National Accounts on BRICS Countries

	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024			
Gross domestic pr	oduct (GD	P) (current	prices/bil	lion US\$)						
Brazil ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	655	2 208	1 476	1 671	1 952	2 191	2 179			
China(3)(4)	1 224	6 193	15 003	18 195	18 347	18 367	^(P) 18 943			
Egypt ⁽⁵⁾			382	423	475	393	381			
Ethiopia	8		108	111	127	164				
India ⁽⁶⁾⁽⁷⁾	468	1 675	2 676	3 167	3 345	3 638				
Indonesia ⁽⁸⁾	163	757	1 061	1 186	1 319	1 371	1 397			
Iran										
Russia	260	1 525	1 496	1 829	2 327	2 084	2 164			
South Africa	151	417	338	420	407	381	400			
UAE			349	415	503	514				
Per capita GDP (current prices/US\$)										
Brazil ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	3 751	11 339	7 057	7 951	9 256	10 350	10 251			
China ⁽³⁾	969	4 630	10 632	12 882	12 992	13 020	^(P) 13 445			
Egypt ⁽⁵⁾			3 794	4 148	4 587	3 742				
Ethiopia	135		1 079	1 092	1 218	1 549				
India ⁽⁶⁾⁽⁷⁾	460	1 413	1 974	2 314	2 419	2 608				
Indonesia ⁽⁸⁾	782	3 172	3 927	4 351	4 785	4 920	4 960			
Iran										
Russia	1 772	10 675	10 131	12 426	15 858	14 244	14 808			
South Africa	3 466	8 134	5 677	6 991	6 693	6 208	6 465			
UAE			37 636	42 108	48 897	48 141				
GDP growth rate (change fro	m the prec	eding year) (%)						
Brazil	4.4	7.5	(-) 3.3	4.8	3.0	3.2	3.4			
China	8.6	10.6	2.3	8.6	3.1	5.4	^(P) 5.0			
Egypt			20.1	10.9	12.3	(-) 17.3				
Ethiopia			25.4	28.6	41.8	41.7				
India ⁽⁷⁾	2.0	24.8	(-) 5.6	18.4	5.6	8.8				
Indonesia ⁽⁹⁾	4.9	6.2	(-) 2.1	3.7	5.3	5.0	5.0			
Iran			(-) 0.9	3.7	3.6	4.6				
Russia ⁽¹⁰⁾	10.0	4.5	(-) 2.7	5.9	(-) 1.4	4.1	4.1			
South Africa ⁽¹¹⁾	4.2	3.0	(-) 6.2	5.0	1.9	0.7	0.6			
UAE ⁽¹²⁾			(-) 5.0	4.4	7.5	3.6				

Table 4.1 Summary of National Accounts on BRICS Countries

(continued) 2000 2010 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Growth rate of per capita GDP (change from the preceding year) (%) 2.3 6.7 4.3 3.0 Brazil (-) 3.9 2.6 28 China 7.7 10.1 2.1 8.5 3.1 5.5 ^(P)5.1 Eavpt 18.0 9.3 10.6 (-)18.4Ethiopia⁽¹³⁾ 22.8 25.8 38.9 39.5 India⁽⁷⁾ 0.2 23.1 (-)6.617.2 4.5 7.8 ... Indonesia (9)(14) 4.1 3.9 4.6 (-) 3.3 2.8 3.9 ... Iran 49.1 63.5 48.7 38.9 ... Russia 10.5 4.5 (-) 2.5 6.2 (-) 1.1 4.4 4.2 South Africa 2.1 1.5 (-)7.43.9 0.9 (-) 0.3(-) 0.4**UAE**(15) (-)14.411.9 16.1 (-) 1.5... ... Share of primary industry to GDP (%) Brazil(1)(2) 4.8 5.5 6.6 7.7 6.7 6.9 6.5 China 14.5 9.2 7.5 7.1 7.1 6.9 (P)6 8 Egypt 18.9 18.5 19.1 19.2 Ethiopia India⁽⁷⁾ 26.4 21.9 22.1 21 20.1 19.7 19.8 Indonesia Iran⁽¹⁶⁾ 8.8 7.3 7.8 7.4 ... Russia⁽¹⁷⁾ 3.9 4.4 4.1 3.8 3.3 3 South Africa 8.4 9.1 9.8 11.3 11.2 10 10.1 **UAE**(18) 1 0.9 0.7 0.7 Share of secondary industry to GDP (%) Brazil(1)(2) 26.7 25.8 25.4 24.7 27.4 22.5 26.3 China 45.1 45.7 36.9 38.1 37.9 36.8 ^(P)36.5 Egypt 26.7 26.3 26.8 26.5 Ethiopia India⁽⁷⁾ 26.6 29.6 25.6 26.8 25.6 25.9 25.2 Indonesia Iran⁽¹⁹⁾ 46.1 53.2 53.6 50.5 ---Russia⁽²⁰⁾ 34.7 33 35.5 35.5 33.7 33.8 South Africa 25.1 20.8 18.8 19.1 19.6 20.4 20.3

32.4

38.7

43.6

39.7

UAE⁽²¹⁾

Table 4.1 Summary of National Accounts on BRICS Countries

(continued) 2000 2010 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Share of tertiary industry to GDP (%) Brazil(1)(2) 67.7 67.8 70.9 66.5 67.0 67.8 68 8 China 40.4 45.1 55.5 54.8 55.0 56.3 ^(P)56.7 Egypt 54.4 55.2 54.1 54.4 Ethiopia India⁽⁷⁾ 47 52.2 48.5 52.3 54.3 54.4 55 Indonesia ... Iran⁽²²⁾ 45.1 39.5 38.6 42.0 Russia⁽²³⁾ 61.4 62.6 60.5 60.7 63 63.2 South Africa 66.5 70.1 71.4 69.6 69.3 69.7 69.6 **UAE**(24) 66.6 60.4 55.7 59.6 Final consumption rate (%) Brazil 83.4 79.2 83.3 79.9 81.5 82 82.6 China 63.9 49.9 55.4 54.8 54.5 56.8 Egypt 14.2 11.1 13 28.9 Ethiopia 24.4 24.5 18.2 21.6 71.7 India⁽⁷⁾ 75.7 65.7 72.7 71.4 70.5 71.6 Indonesia 65.2 63.1 68.2 68.6 64.9 60.7 61.9 Iran 61.1 59.1 57.8 61.9 Russia 61.3 69.6 71.5 67.7 64.4 68 4 69 South Africa 82.3 81.1 83.3 81 82.6 84.1 84.1 **UAE**(25) 61.5 55.5 54.8 58 Gross capital formation rate (%) Brazil 18.9 21.8 16.1 19.5 18.1 15.8 16.9 China 33.7 46.5 42.3 42.7 42.4 41.1 Egypt (-)12.32.7 32.0 (-) 2.0... Ethiopia 8.8 17.9 28.3 23.9 India⁽⁷⁾ 26.0 39.8 28.2 32.4 32.6 31.4 Indonesia 22.2 32.9 32.3 31.4 29.7 30.0 31.4 Iran 16.3 17.4 16.8 18.3 Russia 16.9 22.5 23.4 22.8 23.0 27.4 26.6 South Africa 15.1 17.8 12.3 12.8 15.4 15.6 13.9

23.3

25.8

26.5

27.1

UAE(25)

Sources

Brazil

Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics - IBGE, National Accounts System 2000-2024.

China

National Bureau of Statistics of China and China Statistical yearbook 2001-2024 and Statistical Communiqué of the People's Republic of China on the 2024 National Economic and Social Development.

Egypt

National Accounts Unit, Ministry of Planning, Egypt.

Ethiopia

Ministry of Planing and Development.

India

Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation.

Indonesia

BPS-Statistics Indonesia.

Russia

Federal State Statistics Service of the Russian Federation.

South Africa

Statistics South Africa (https://www.statssa.gov.za/?page_id=1854&PPN=P0441).

UAE

Federal Competitiveness & Statistics Center - FCSC.

Footnotes

Brazil

- (1) Data for 2022 and 2023 are derived from guarterly GDP results.
- (2) Data of 2022 and 2023 are preliminary estimation.

China

- (3) GDP and Per Capita GDP in US dollars are converted using the annual average exchange rates.
- (4) Data of GDP are calculated at producers' prices.
- (P) Preliminary data.

Egypt

(5) GDP in US dollars are converted using the annual exchange rates.

Ethiopia

(13) Growth rate of per capita GDP (change from the preceding year) (%) = Per Capita GDP is Nominal.

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India

- (6) GDP in US\$ is computed using average Real Exchange Rate as per RBI website. The average is based on the data for the period April 1st to March 31st of each financial year.
- (7) Data relate to new base year (2011-12).

Indonesia

- (8) GDP and GDP Per Capita in US\$ is computed using the mid-year exchange rate, calculated based on the weighted average of export and import exchange rates, with export and import values as the weights.
- (9) GDP growth rate (change from the preceding year) (%) its at constant prices.
- (14) GDP per capita growth (%) is based on constant prices. Indonesia uses 2000 as the base year for 2001-2010, and 2010 as the base year for 2011-2024.

Iran

- (16) Primary industries = Agriculture, forestry and fishing
- (19) Secondary industries = Mining and quarrying, Manufacturing; Electricity, gas and water and Construction.
- (22) Other industries of national economy.

Russia

- (10) At constant prices.
- (17) Agriculture, forestry, animal husbandry and fishery. Data are provided according to NACE Rev. 2, data for 2000 according to NACE Rev.1.
- (20) Mining and quarrying, manufacturing and electricity, gas and water supply, construction. Data are provided according to NACE Rev. 2, data for 2000 according to NACE Rev. 1.
- (23) Other economic activities not included in the primary and secondary sectors of the economy. Data are provided according to NACE Rev. 2, data for 2000 according to NACE Rev.1.

South Africa

(11) GDP growth rate (change from the preceding year) (%) its at constant prices.

UAE

- (12) At constant prices.
- (15) At current prices.
- (18) At current prices including the following activities: Agriculture, hunting, forestry and fishing.
- (21) At current prices including the following activities: B (Mining and quarrying), C (Manufacturing), D (Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply), E (Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities).

- (24) At current prices including the following activities: F (Construction), G (Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles), H (Transportation and storage), I (Accommodation and food service activities), J (Information and communication), K (Financial and insurance activities), L (Real estate activities), M (Professional, scientific and technical activities), N (Administrative and support service activities), O (Public administration and defense; compulsory social security), P (Education), Q (Human health and social work activities), R (Arts, entertainment and recreation), S (Other service activities), T (Activities of Households as Employers).
- (25) At current prices.





Table 5.1 Summary of Consumer Price Index from the Previous Year on BRICS Countries

	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Consumer price in	ndices (% c	hange fron	n the prec	eding year)	ı		
Brazil	6.0	5.9	4.5	10.1	5.8	4.6	4.8
China	0.4	3.3	2.5	0.9	2.0	0.2	0.2
Egypt ⁽¹⁾	•••		5.1	5.8	14.9	35.4	27.9
Ethiopia			19.9	20.2	33.8	32.5	
India			6.6	5.1	6.7	5.7	4.9
Indonesia	9.4	7.0	1.7	1.9	5.5	2.6	1.6
Iran			36.4	40.2	45.8	40.7	
Russia	20.8	6.9	3.4	6.7	13.8	5.9	8.5
South Africa	5.3	4.3	3.3	4.5	6.9	6.0	4.4
UAE		0.9	(-) 2.1	0.2	4.8	1.6	
Producer Price In	dices (% cł	nange from	the prece	ding year)			
Brazil ⁽²⁾	12.1	13.9	19.4	28.5	3.2	(-) 5.0	9.4
China	2.8	5.5	(-) 1.8	8.1	4.1	(-) 3.0	(-) 2.2
Egypt ⁽³⁾		12.7	(-) 7.1	17.3	27.7	26.6	
Ethiopia			22.8	24.4			
India							
Indonesia			0.4	6.3	10.0	2.2	0.0
Iran			34.7	46.7	54.3	44.3	
Russia ⁽⁴⁾	47.1	14.9	(-) 2.9	24.5	11.4	4.0	12.1
South Africa ⁽⁵⁾	6.6	6.0	2.6	7.1	14.4	6.7	3.1
UAE			(-) 5.7	16.8	16.9	(-) 7.9	

Sources

Brazil

Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics - IBGE, Extended National Consumer Price Indices 2000-2024.

China

National Bureau of Statistics of China.

Eavpt

1. Monthly Bulletin of Consumer Price Index Numbers. 2. Monthly Bulletin of Producer Price Index Numbers.

Ethiopia

Ethiopian Statistical Service - ESS.

India

Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation.

Indonesia

BPS-Statistics Indonesia

Russia

Federal State Statistics Service of the Russian Federation.

South Africa

Statistics South Africa

UAE

Federal Competitiveness & Statistics Centre - FCSC.

Footnotes

Brazil

(2) From 2014 onwards, Producer price index refers to Mining and quarrying and manufacturing, source IBGE. Before 2014 data from Fundação Getúlio Vargas - FGV - an economic index called the Wholesale Price Index (WPI), which collects wholesale prices - agriculture and industry.

Egypt

- (1) Consumer Price Index from the Previous Year (Total Egypt).
- (3) The annual change rates have been revised based on the development of the Producer Price Index series with a base of January 2016, starting from September 2017, taking into account overlapping periods when calculating the annual changes for 2017 and 2018.

Russia

(4) Before 2012 – the aggregate index by economic activities "Mining and quarrying", "Manufacturing", "Electricity, gas and water production and supply"; since 2013 – by economic activities "Mining and quarrying", "Manufacturing", "Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply", "Water supply, water removal, waste management and activity on liquidation of pollution".

South Africa

(5) The PPI % changes before 2013 are based on the Domestic output (discontinued in December 2012), and from 2013 the rates are based on the PPI for final manufactured good (Introduced in January 2013).





Table 6.1 Summary of People's Living Standard on BRICS Countries

	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024				
Ownership of o	ars (per 10	0 persons)									
Brazil ⁽¹⁾	8.8	19.1	27.7	28.2	28.7	29.2	29.8				
China			12.2	13.6	14.3	16.8	17.5				
Urban	0.2	4.5	15.2	16.7	17.2	19.8	20.4				
Rural	0.1	0.7	8.4	9.6	10.4	12.6	13.4				
Egypt			5.2	5.3	5.3	5.3					
Ethiopia											
India ⁽²⁾	0.7	1.6	^(P) 3.5	^(P) 3.6							
Indonesia											
Iran											
Russia ⁽³⁾	13.0	23.0	32.0	32.0	33.0	33.0					
South Africa ⁽⁴⁾			8.9	8.8	9.3	9.2					
UAE											
Proportion of R&D expenditure to GDP (%)											
Brazil ⁽⁵⁾		0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3					
China	0.9	1.7	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.6	(P)2.7				
Egypt			0.161								
Ethiopia											
India	0.74	0.77	0.64								
Indonesia	0.06		0.28								
Iran				0.7	0.6						
Russia	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	0.9	1.0					
South Africa		•••	•••	•••	0.8	•••					
UAE			1.45	1.5							
Full-time equiv	alent of R8	D personn	el (person-	year)							
Brazil		•••				•••					
China	922 100	2 553 829	5 234 508	5 716 300	6 353 570	7 240 600					
Egypt											
Ethiopia											
India	93 836	192 819		⁽⁶⁾ 361 924							
Indonesia											
Iran				264 847	255 997						
Russia	1 007 257	839 992	748 721	729 434	736 749	735 864					
South Africa	. 001 201	005 552	1-10 121	123 -10-1	100145	100 004					
UAE			39 051	40 190							
U/ (L			05 001	.5 150	•••	•••					

Table 6.1 Summary of People's Living Standard on BRICS Countries

(continued) 2010 2000 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Share of public expenditure on education to GDP (%) Brazil⁽⁷⁾ 4.4 4.1 4.8 4.8 4.9 China⁽⁸⁾ 2.9 3.7 4.2 4.0 4.0 4.0 Egypt 2.0 2.0 2.0 Ethiopia India⁽⁹⁾ 4.7 4.3 4.5 Indonesia 2.5 3.2 0.9 1.3 1.0 Iran Russia⁽¹⁰⁾ 2.9 4.1 4.0 3.5 South Africa(11) 5.9 6.9 7.1 6.8 ... UAF 4.0 3.9 Average years of schooling (years) Brazil(12) 10.2 10.1 China⁽¹³⁾ 10.1 9.1 9.9 10.1 10.3 Egypt Ethiopia India⁽¹⁴⁾ 8.2 11.1 12.1 12.4 13.0 13.0 Indonesia(15) 9.1 8.9 9.0 9.1 9.2 Iran Russia⁽¹⁶⁾ 13.2 13.2 13.2 14.9 South Africa 10.4 9.3 10.3 10.3 10.4 UAE 12.8 13.0 ... Share of public expenditure on health to GDP (%) Brazil⁽⁷⁾ 3.3 5 4.7 4.7 4.7 China(17) 6.7 7.1 7.2 4.6 4.8 7.1 ... Egypt 1.2 1.3 1.3 ... Ethiopia India⁽⁹⁾ 1.5 1.6 1.4 Indonesia Iran ... ---... ---Russia⁽¹⁰⁾ $^{(18)}2.1$ 3.7 4.6 3.8 South Africa(19) 3.6 4.5 4.3 4.0

3.6

3.4

UAF

Table 6.1 Summary of People's Living Standard on BRICS Countries

						(,	continued)
	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Gini coefficient							
Brazil ⁽²⁰⁾⁽²¹⁾	***				0.518	0.518	0.506
China ⁽²²⁾		0.481	0.468	0.466	0.467	0.465	0.465
Egypt	0.3		0.3		0.270		
Ethiopia							
India ⁽²³⁾							
Urban	0.342					0.314	0.284
Rural	0.26					0.266	0.237
Indonesia ⁽²⁴⁾		0.378	0.381	0.384	0.384	0.388	0.379
Iran	0.432	0.410	0.401	0.394	0.388	0.398	
Russia ⁽²⁵⁾	0.395	0.421	0.406	0.409	0.398	0.405	^(P) 0.408
South Africa ⁽²⁶⁾	0.640						
UAE			0.295				

Sources

Brazil

1. Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics - IBGE. Continuous National Household Sample Survey 2014-2024. 2. Education expenditure data compiled by Ministry of Education, Anísio Teixeira National Institute for Education Research and Studies - INEP. 3. Brazilian Automotive Industry Association (ANFAVEA), Brazilian Automotive Industry Yearbook 2015. 4. National Treasury Secretariat. 5. UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) database. 6. World Health Organization (WHO) database. 7. World Bank database Poverty and Equity. 8. National Traffic Secretariat - SENATBAN.

China

1. National Bureau of Statistics of China. Household Survey on Income and Expenditure and Living Conditions of China 2013-2024; Urban Household Survey in China 2000-2012; and Rural Household Survey in China 2000-2012. 2. Ministry of Education of the People's Republic of China. Educational Statistics Yearbooks of China 2000-2024. 3. National Health Commission of the People's Republic of China. China Health Statistical Yearbooks 2001-2024.

India

1. Ministry of Road Transport & Highways. 2. Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation. 3. Department of Science & Technology. 4. Ministry of Education.

Indonesia

1. BPS-Statistics Indonesia. 2. UNESCO Institute for Statistics - UIS.

Russia

1. Federal State Statistics Service of the Russian Federation. 2. Ministry of the Interior of the Russian Federation. 3. UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) database.

South Africa

1. Statistics South Africa: Financial statistics of consolidated general government – Time series summary data, 2004/2005-2015/2016. 2. Statistics South Africa: Gross Domestic Product: Annual, quarterly and Regional Fourth quarter 2017. 3. HSRC: Statistical Report 2017/2018: South African National Survey of Research & Experimental development. 4. Statistics South Africa: Financial statistics of consolidated general government annual statistical releases, 2004/2005-2015/2016.

UAE

Federal Competitiveness and Statistics Center - FCSC.

Footnotes

Brazil

- (1) The data for Brazil refer to vehicles per 100 persons.
- (5) The expenditure on R&D activities on the surveyed units typically results from their own production, with estimative based on the sum of cost approach (intermediate consumption, employees' compensation, consumption of fixed capital). The total expenditure on R&D activities is complemented with those units that produce for the market. The units can be public or private for own production, while R&D market producers are all private.
- (7) STN, SOF e IBGE. The data consists of General Government finance statistics and is compiled according to the methodology established by the Government Finance Statistics Manual (GFSM 2014), developed by the International Monetary Fund (IMF). The presented data follows the CoFog Classification of Functions of Government. The CoFog was developed by the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development and published by the United Nations Statistical Division as a standard methodology of classification of the purposes of government activities.
- (12) The indicators were calculated with information of the second quarter of the year starting from 2016. There was no collection in 2020 and 2021 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- (20) The indicators were calculated with information from the households visited for the first time in each of the four quarters of the year, except for 2020-2022 that were calculated from the households visited for the fifth time in each of the four quarters of the year, due to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- (21) Gini Index of Household Income.

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China

- (8) Government appropriation for education as percentage of GDP.
- (13) Average years of education attained for people aged 15 and older.
- (17) Total expenditure on health as percentage of GDP.
- (22) Data of Gini coefficient are based on per capita annual disposable income.

India

- (2) Figures have been derived by dividing the number of registered vehicles as on 31 March of the year indicated in the table (except for 2000 where the data are as on 31 March 2001) by total population (Vehicles include Car, Taxi and Jeep).
- (6) Information pertaining to Full Time Equivalent collected for 2017-18 as on 1.4.2018 and for 2020-21 as on 01.04.2021.
- (9) Information pertains to financial year and it relates to Expenditure of general government (i.e. Central Government & State Governments Combined).
- (14) School Life Expectancy from primary to tertiary education. Data from UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) database.
- (23) Gini coefficient of household consumption has been calculated on the basis of National Sample Survey.

Indonesia

- (15) Average years of schooling (years) for people age 15 years and above.
- (24) Gini ratio data started to be calculated annually in 2007.

Russia

- (3) Personnel passenger cars.
- (10) Calculations on the base of the data of the Federal Treasury. Since 2005 including budgets of the state non-budget funds.
- (16) School Life Expectancy from primary to tertiary education. Data from UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) database.
- (18) In 2000 expenditures on health and physical culture.
- (25) Calculations of Gini Index are based on household budget sample surveys and macroeconomic average per capita monetary income data. Data for 2011-2022 are revised based on the All-Russian Population Census 2020 results.

South Africa

- (4) Data from the GHS in which households were asked to indicated whether the household contained at least one vehicle in working condition. Calculation: Total number of households with a working vehicle/total population x k.
- (11) General government expenditure on education as a percentage of GDP.
- (19) General government expenditure on health as a percentage of GDP.
- (26) Gini is per capita expenditure excluding taxes.





Table 7.1 Summary of Resources and Environment on BRICS Countries

	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024		
Utilization of for	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024		
		517 759		400 140	405 700				
Brazil ⁽¹⁾	557 068		502 367	499 142	495 790	•••	•••		
China ⁽²⁾	174 909		220 446						
Egypt									
Ethiopia									
India ⁽³⁾		•••		71 519		71 534			
Indonesia ⁽⁴⁾		134 276	125 817	125 795	125 793	125 667			
Iran									
Russia ⁽⁵⁾	871 539	870 981	870 776	870 738	870 751	871 521			
South Africa	1 331	1 271	968 196						
UAE ⁽⁶⁾	•••		1 685	1 720	1 755				
Utilization of perennial crop area (1 000 hectares)									
Brazil	6 245	6 315	5 429	5 380	5 467	5 584			
China ⁽⁷⁾	11 000	14 500	19 013	19 373	19 708				
Egypt			915	954	998				
Ethiopia									
India ⁽⁸⁾			10 088	10 099	10 373	10 496			
Indonesia									
Iran									
Russia ⁽⁵⁾	1 864	1 800	1 923	1 925	1 924	2 000			
South Africa	16 680	17 514	7 257						
UAE ⁽⁹⁾			41	41	41				
Carbon dioxide	emissions p	er capita (k	(g)						
Brazil ⁽¹⁰⁾	8 366	3 538	5 234	6 479	6 005				
China									
Egypt									
Ethiopia	196		(-) 31	(-) 30	(-) 29	(-) 29	•••		
India	1 298	1 613	2 186	() 00	() 23				
Indonesia			3 109	3 338	3 611				
Iran			8 182	8 635		,			
Russia ⁽¹¹⁾	1 137	(-) 1 225	2 772	4 781	2 816				
South Africa	10 485	10 039	7 359	7 633	6 994				
UAE									

Table 7.1 Summary of Resources and Environment on BRICS Countries

							continueu)				
	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024				
Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services (%)											
Brazil					97.2	97.4					
China	80.4										
Egypt											
Ethiopia			58.5	62.5	67.1	69.5					
India											
Indonesia			42.3	43.8	44.9	44.9	44.2				
Iran	•••	•••	53.0	54.4	55.9						
Russia ⁽¹²⁾	74.7	75.3	76	76.1	76.2						
South Africa ⁽¹³⁾	90.1										
UAE ⁽¹⁴⁾			100.0	100.0	100.0						

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Indonesia

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South Africa

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UAE

Federal Competitiveness and Statistics Center - FCSC.

Footnotes

Brazil

- (1) Prior to 2013, the data accounts only for natural forest areas. From 2013 onward, it represents the sum of natural forests and planted forests.
- (10) CO2 GWP AR5.

China

- (2) Data are the figures of the Sixth National Forestry Survey (1999-2003), the Eighth National Forestry Survey (2009-2013), and the Ninth National Forestry Survey (2014-2018).
- (7) Data are from World Bank WDI Database, calculating by using "permanent cropland (% of land area)" multiply "land area of China".

India

- (3) Information on Utilization of forest Area relates to Forest Cover information as published in India State of Forest Report (ISFR) for respective years. Also the information on forest coverage area is derived as forest cover percentage wrt geographical area of the country.
- (8) Perennial crops include most of the fruit crops and plantation crops such as cashew, a recanut, cocoa, coconut and some spice crops. Data relates to agriculture year (i.e. July to June) and pertains to perennial horticultural crops. Data for 2023 is based on 1st Advance Estimates.

Indonesia

(4) Available only forest area data, not Utilization of forest area data.

Russia

- (5) Year-end data.
- (11) By data of Rosgidromet. The calculation of the indicator uses data on carbon dioxide emissions, taking into account land use, land-use change and forestry from the general reporting tables (CRT) for 2024 to the National Report on the Inventory of Anthropogenic Greenhouse Gas Emissions from Sources and their absorption by sinks for 1990-2022 (according to the Federal Service for Hydrometeorology and Environmental Monitoring).
- (12) Data are from United Nations Global SDG Database.

South Africa

(13) Urban area. Data are from United Nations Global SDG Database.

UAE

- (6) Desalinated only not include the ground water.
- (9) Fruit trees.
- (14) Using Improved drinking water.





Table 8.1 Summary of Industry on BRICS Countries

	2222	0010	2222	2021	0000	2222	0004
	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Indices of industrial pro	duction (p	receding	year = 10	0)			
Brazil	106.6	110.2	95.5	103.9	99.3	100.1	103.1
China ⁽¹⁾	111.4	115.7	102.8	109.6	103.6	104.6	105.8
Egypt			101.3	109.9	112.1	101.7	
Ethiopia							
India ⁽²⁾	105.0		91.6	111.4	105.2	105.9	
Indonesia ⁽³⁾	109.2	100.0	133.6	143.7	149.4	153.0	^(P) 157.1
Iran							
Russia ⁽⁴⁾	108.7	107.3	97.9	106.3	100.7	104.3	104.6
South Africa	86.1	93.9	87.7	93.1	92.8	93.4	93.0
UAE							
Production of petroleum	(million t	ons)					
Brazil	72	120	171	169	176	198	
China	163	203	195	199	205	209	213
Egypt (1 000 tons)			29 996	28 503	27 879		
Ethiopia	1		4	4	4	4	
India	32	38	31	30	29	29	
Indonesia	71	55	35	33	30	30	29
Iran							
Russia ⁽⁵⁾	324	506	513	523	535		
South Africa (million kl) ⁽⁶⁾	21						
UAE ⁽⁷⁾	108	116	138	135	153		
Production of coal (milli	on tons)						
Brazil	7	5	5	7	6	6	
China	1 384	3 428	3 902	4 126	4 559	4 711	4 781
Egypt		1 184	172	106			
Ethiopia						1 501	
India ⁽⁸⁾	314	533	716	778	893	998	929
Indonesia	77	275	564	614	687	771	834
Iran			5	4	4		•••
Russia	258	322	398	435	435	430	(P)427
South Africa	225	257	250	234	230	233	236
UAE							

Table 8.1 Summary of Industry on BRICS Countries

	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024				
Electricity production (billion-kilowatt-hours)											
Brazil ⁽⁹⁾	349	516	629	656	677	708					
China	1 356	4 207	7 779	8 534	8 849	9 456	10 087				
Egypt	•••	•••	197	205	214	***	•••				
Ethiopia			15	16	15						
India ⁽¹⁰⁾	561	966	1 598	1 694	1 830	(11)1 949					
Indonesia	93	176	276	297	320	323	344				
Iran											
Russia	878	1 038	1 090	1 159	1 170	1 181	^(P) 1 209				
South Africa	211	260	240	244	235	224	235				
UAE ⁽¹²⁾			118	129	135						

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Brazil

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Ethiopia

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India

1. Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation. 2. Ministry of Petroleum & Natural Gas. 3. Central Electricity Authority, Ministry of Power.

Indonesia

BPS-Statistics Indonesia.

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Russia

Federal State Statistics Service of the Russian Federation.

South Africa

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Footnotes

Brazil

(9) Electricity Production data is from Operador Nacional do Sistema Elétrico - ONS.

China

(1) Coverage of industrial enterprises above designed size had been adjusted since 2011, i.e., enterprises with annual revenue from principal business over 20 million yuan from 2011 on and over 5 million yuan prior to 2011.

India

- (2) The data pertains to financial year. IIP figure for the year 2000 pertains to base year 1993-94 and from 2012 onwards pertains to base year 2011-12. Figures for 2023 is provisional.
- (8) Coal Production data pertains to Financial year and for FY 2024-25 production figure is during Apr'24 to Feb'25 (Provisional).
- (10) The data pertains to financial year. Information pertains to Gross Electricity production in utilities (including thermal, hydro & nuclear) and non-utilities.
- (11) Estimated data.
- (P) Provisional.

Indonesia

- (3) 2010 = 100.
- (P) Provisional.

Russia

- (4) Before and including 2013 the aggregate index by economic activities "Mining and quarrying", "Manufacturing", "Electricity, gas and water production and supply"; since 2014 by economic activities "Mining and quarrying", "Manufacturing", "Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply", "Water supply, water removal, waste management and activity on liquidation of pollution".
- (5) Since 2020 dewatered, demineralized and stabilized petroleum, including natural gas liquids.
- (P) Preliminary data.

South Africa

(6) Includes: petrol, jet fuel, illum paraffin, fuel oil, bitumen, LPG.

UAE

- (7) Crude oil.
- (12) Terawatt-hours.





Table 9.1 Summary of Energy on BRICS Countries

	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Total primary e	energy prod	uction (mt	oe)				
Brazil ⁽¹⁾	153	253	343	340	355	391	
China ⁽²⁾	970	2 185	2 851	2 990	3 247	3 381	(3)(P)3 486
Egypt (ktoe)			91 360	91 924	93 576		
Ethiopia							
India ⁽⁴⁾	204		393	426	476	(P)522	
Indonesia	224	346	426	449	485	535	
Iran							
Russia	1 016	1 259	1 392	1 451			
South Africa	153	162	176	148	148		
UAE		186	224	227	253		
Total consump	tion of ene	rgy (mtoe)					
Brazil ⁽⁵⁾	190	269	290	304	303	314	
China ⁽²⁾	1 029	2 525	2 488	3 681	3 787	4 004	^(P) 4 172
Egypt (ktoe)			52 951	53 618	58 758		
Ethiopia							
India ⁽⁶⁾			507	516	560	^(P) 614	
Indonesia	70	96	119	122	159	169	
Iran							
Russia	997	1 117	1 165	1 220			
South Africa	91	69	71	61	81		
UAE							
Energy consun	nption per o	apita (kgo	e)				
Brazil ⁽⁷⁾	1 088	1 374	1 362	1 418	1 406	1 447	
China ⁽⁸⁾	815	1 887	2 472	2 607	2 682		
Egypt							
Ethiopia							
India ⁽⁹⁾			525	575	612	^(P) 658	
Indonesia	339	403	441	446	577	606	
Iran							
Russia	6 801	7 819	7 887	8 287			
South Africa	1 799	1 539					
UAE							

Table 9.1 Summary of Energy on BRICS Countries

							continuea)
	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Share of net im	ports of er	nergy to tot	al consum _i	otion (%)			
Brazil	22.0	7.5	(-) 10.8	(-) 3.7	(-) 7.6	(-) 14.0	
China	3.4	13.6	22.5	21.2	20.0		
Egypt							
Ethiopia							
India			64.9	65.0	65.7	^(P) 63.9	
Indonesia		(-) 196.0	(-) 194.0	(-) 176.0	(-) 143.0	(-) 146.0	
Iran							
Russia	8.8	1.7	2.8	2.2			
South Africa	21.0	26.0	49.0	50.0	35.0		
UAE			234.8	657.3	613.1		
Electricity expo	ort (million	kilowatt ho	ours)				
Brazil	7	1 257	395	44	4 979	7 186	
China	9 880	19 060	21 790	20 180	20 090		
Egypt			95	170	95		
Ethiopia							
India	195	128	9 574	9 249	13 792	11 362	
Indonesia							
Iran							
Russia	22 850	19 257	7 906	26 714			
South Africa ⁽¹⁰⁾	4 007	14 668	13 647	13 705	12 270	11 256	13 528
UAE			235	657	613		
Electricity impo	ort (million	kilowatt ho	ours)				
Brazil	44 345	35 906	25 113	23 147	17 887	22 294	
China	1 550	5 550	4 750	5 940	7 140		
Egypt			982	1 591	1 589		
Ethiopia							
India	1 497	5 611	9 548	7 974	7 640	6 649	
Indonesia		2	1 553	973	797	893	971
Iran							
Russia	8 795	1 860	3 284	2 650			
South Africa ⁽¹¹⁾	4 719	12 193	9 829	10 137	10 761	10 709	9 755
UAE			206	868	504		

Table 9.1 Summary of Energy on BRICS Countries

	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Electricity cons	sumption (million kilo	watt hours)			
Brazil	331 795	464 699	547 701	573 125	586 074	616 311	
China	1 347 240	4 193 450	7 762 020	8 520 010	8 835 760		
Egypt			148 517	154 176	163 985	•••	
Ethiopia							
India	368 284	616 969	1 230 208	1 316 765	1 440 311	1 543 000	
Indonesia	79 170	149 807	241 406	257 634	273 762	288 436	306 219
Iran						•••	
Russia	863 709	1 020 633	1 085 045	1 135 353	1 153 595	1 172 288	
South Africa	195 660	238 272	216 098	221 120	214 891	206 341	213 554
UAE			118 223	129 028	134 606		
Electricity con:	sumption p	er capita (l	kilowatt ho	urs)			
Brazil ⁽¹²⁾	2 251	2 812	3 075	3 174	3 201	3 333	
China	1 067	3 135	5 501	6 032	6 257		
Egypt			1 487	1 519			
Ethiopia							
India	366	819	1 161	1 255	1 331	1 395	•••
Indonesia	384	628	893	945	993	1 035	1 087
Iran							
Russia ⁽¹³⁾	5 892	7 145	7 346	7 712	7 863	8 013	
South Africa ⁽¹⁴⁾	4 587	4 635	3 601	3 646	3 502	3 318	3 389
UAE			12 727	13 085	13 083		

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Ethiopia

Ministry of Water and Energy.

India

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Indonesia

BPS-Statistics Indonesia.

Russia

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South Africa

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Footnotes

Mtoe stands for million tonnes of oil equivalent, kgoe stands for kilo gram of oil equivalent and ktoe stands for kilo tonnes of oil equivalent.

Brazil

- (1) Primary energy production: includes natural gas rejected and non-utilized.
- (5) Total consumption, total primary energy supply, or gross domestic supply: includes sectorial final energy consumption; losses in transformation, distribution and storage; and energy sector final consumption.
- (7) Energy consumption per capita = total consumption / population.
- (12) Electricity consumption per capita does not include energy consumption in energy sector and losses

China

- (2) Electric power in total primary energy production and total consumption of energy are converted on the basis of equal caloric value.
- (3) According to Statistical Rules on Energy Consumption of Coal Enterprises (GB/T 28398-2023), solid waste generated during coal washing and processing is not included in coal consumption and comprehensive energy consumption. On this basis, adjustments were made in statistical coverage of the total primary energy output, total energy consumption and coal consumption of 2024, the data of earlier year will adjust later.
- (8) Energy consumption per capita is calculated by annual average population.
- (P) Preliminary data.

India

Information pertains to Financial Year.

- (4) Primary energy comprises of coal, lignite, crude petroleum, natural gas and electricity.
- (6) Includes energy from coal, lignite, crude petroleum (Crude oil in terms of refinery crude throughput), Natural gas & Electricity (Hydro, Nuclear & other renewable sources electricity from utilities).
- (9) Mid year population has been taken as on 1st October.
- (P) Provisional data.

Russia

(13) Based on the All-Russian Population Census 2020 results.

South Africa

- (10) Physical energy flowing out of South Africa as measured by the metering system at the South African borders.
- (11) Physical energy flowing into South Africa as measured by the metering system at the South African borders.
- (14) Electricity consumption per capita = Total electricity consumed / Mid-year population estimates (P0302).

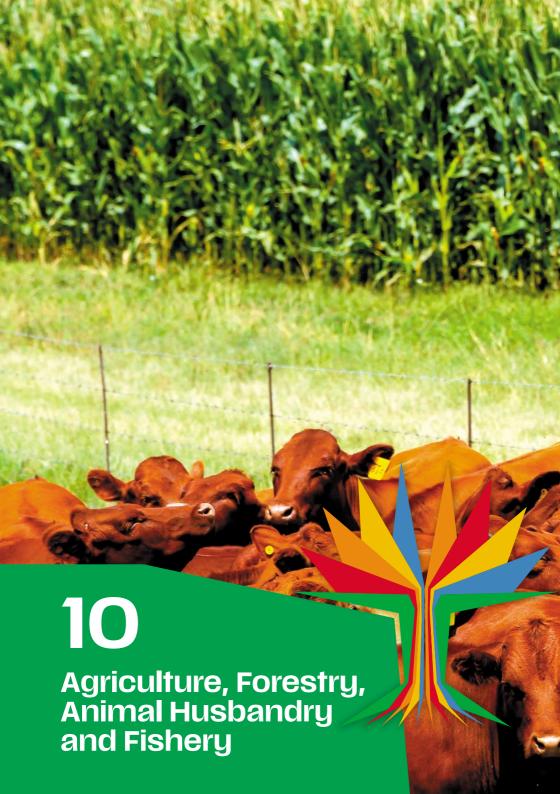




Table 10.1 Summary of Agriculture, Forestry, Animal Husbandry and Fishery on BRICS Countries

	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Index of agricultu	ral product	tion (% cha	inge from t	the preced	ing year)		
Brazil	1.7	11.5	5.0	(-) 0.5	4.2	19.6	^(P) (-) 8.3
China							
Egypt			(-) 1.6	(-) 3.1	0.7	4.6	
Ethiopia							
India			5.9	2.5	4.6	(-) 3.3	
Indonesia	(-) 2.0	4.6	1.5	(-) 0.3	5.9	3.3	
Iran							
Russia	6.2	(-) 12.1	1.3	(-) 0.7	11.3	0.2	^(P) (-) 3.2
South Africa							
UAE							
Area of cultivated	land (milli	on hectare	s)				
Brazil ⁽¹⁾	52	65	83	87	91	96	^(P) 95
China ⁽²⁾	128	135	127	128	128	129	
Egypt	3.2	3.7	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.1	
Ethiopia	8		11	15	18	24	
India ⁽³⁾	156		154	154			
Indonesia		8					
Iran							
Russia ⁽⁴⁾	124	121	123	123	123	126	
South Africa					•••	•••	
UAE			0.09	0.09	0.09		
Production of cer	eal (million	tons)					
Brazil ⁽⁵⁾	45	73	121	108	131	150	(P)122
China	405	512	617	633	633	641	652
Egypt		126	115	111	108	113	
Ethiopia	9		30	35	46	61	
India ⁽³⁾	186		285	288	⁽⁶⁾ 304	⁽⁶⁾ 304	
Indonesia	52	67	55	54	55	54	
Iran ⁽⁷⁾				16	15		
Russia	65	61	133	121	158	145	126
South Africa ⁽⁸⁾	14	15	18	19	18	19	15
UAE		0.005	0.026	0.023	0.021		

Table 10.1 Summary of Agriculture, Forestry, Animal Husbandry and Fishery on BRICS Countries

J						(0	continued)
	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Fruits production	(1 000 ton	s)					
Brazil	66	78	70	71	72	74	
China	62 251	200 954	286 924	299 702	312 962	327 443	339 658
Egypt							
Ethiopia							
India	1 900		2 300	2 200			
Indonesia	7 631	15 263	24 873	25 976	27 712	28 238	29 033
Iran				13 114	11 930		
Russia ⁽⁹⁾	2 961	2 398	4 323	4 757	5 107	5 051	4 878
South Africa	5 565	17 589	61 888	60 262	65 685	75 084	81 955
UAE							
Production of me	at (1 000 to	ons)					
Brazil ⁽¹⁰⁾	9 857	19 380	24 299	24 985	26 074	27 582	22 040
China	60 139	79 936	77 484	89 900	93 284	97 482	97 799
Egypt	705	992	672	726	803	650	
Ethiopia			431	434	544	603	
India ⁽¹¹⁾	1 851	4 869	8 798	9 292	9 769		
Indonesia							
Iran ⁽¹²⁾	467	348	443	626	600	472	403
Russia ⁽¹³⁾	4 446	7 165	11 222	11 346	11 744	12 001	^(P) 12 257
South Africa(14)	1 666	2 906	3 321	3 431	3 433	3 448	3 546
UAE							
Timber Production	on (million o	eu.m.)					
Brazil	72	116	143	149	168	173	
China	47	81	103	116	122		
Egypt							
Ethiopia	0.003		41.84	40.11			
India							
Indonesia ⁽¹⁵⁾	13.8	42	51.5	53.5	55.3	58.3	
Iran							
Russia ⁽¹⁶⁾	95	117	143	148	131	128	^(P) 132
South Africa ⁽¹⁷⁾	17	18	7				
UAE							

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Indonesia

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South Africa

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- 3. Department of Forestry Fisheries & Environment.

Footnotes

Brazil

- (1) Harvested area. Including cereals and others crops.
- (5) Major cereals (corn, rice and wheat).
- (10) Major meat (beef, chicken and pork).

China

(2) Data of area of cultivated land of China before 2016 are from the annual survey of the change of land.

India

- (3) The period of agricultural year is from July to June.
- (6) As per Third Advance Estimates 2023-24.
- (11) The data pertain to March to February. Meat production from commercial poultry farm is included from 2007-2008

Indonesia

(15) Available only forest area data. Source: Statistical Yearbook of Indonesia, BPS-Statistics Indonesia

The 2000 production index uses the base year 1993. The 2001-2010 production index uses the base year 2000. The 2011-2023 production index uses the base year 2010.

Iran

- (7) Includes wheat, barley, paddy and maize.
- (12) Red meat production: According to the results of the slaughter survey of official slaughter-houses & 80% of the animals offered for slaughtering.

Russia

- (4) The data are produced and disseminated by the Federal Service of State Registration, Cadastre and Cartography. At the end of the year.
- (9) Fruits (excluding nuts), berries and grapes.
- (13) Production of livestock and poultry for slaughter.
- (16) Since 2010 wood in the rough.

South Africa

- (8) Major cereals (maize/corn, wheat, malting barley, sorghum).
- (14) Major meat (beef and veal, mutton, goats, pigs, poultry).
- (17) Cubic meters derived from figures in tons provided by DAFF in the Report on Commercial timber resources and primary roundwood processing in South Africa.
 - Figures obtained from the Report on Commercial timber resources and primary round-wood processing.

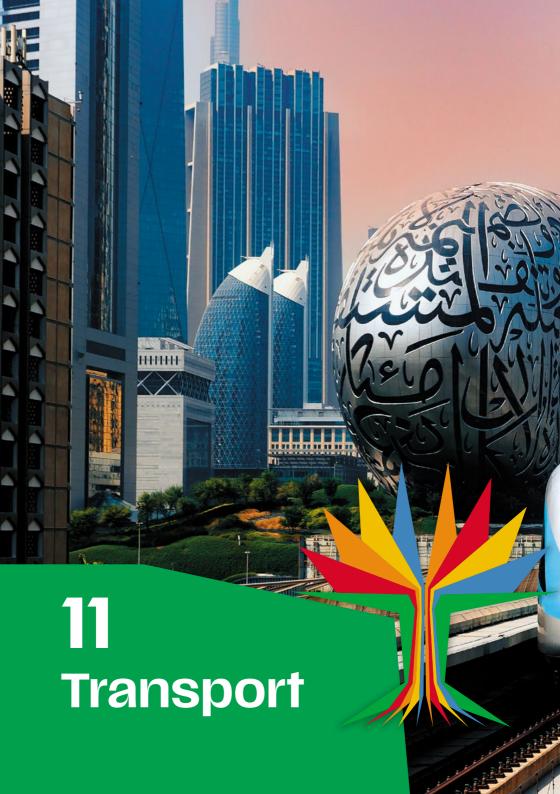




Table 11.1 Summary of Transport on BRICS Countries

	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Length of rai	ilways in op	eration (1 0	000 km)				
Brazil	29		30	30	31	31	31
China	69	91	146	151	155	159	
Egypt			10	10			
Ethiopia			0,8	0,8	0,8	0,8	
India	63	64	68	68	69		
Indonesia							
Iran	7	10	12	12	12	12	
Russia	86	86	87	87	87	87	
South Africa	21					24	
UAE ⁽¹⁾						0,9	
Length of hig	ghways (1 0	00 km)					
Brazil ⁽²⁾			120.8	121.1	121.8	122.2	122.2
China	1 680	4 008	5 198	5 281	5 355	5 437	
Egypt							
Ethiopia	16		29				
India ⁽³⁾	190	235	330	^(P) 334	(P)335		
Indonesia							
Iran		13	22	23	23	24	
Russia ⁽⁴⁾	854	637	1 744	1 792	1 782	1 846	
South Africa							
UAE				1.974	1.974		
Passenger ti	affic (all m	eans) (billio	n passenge	ers-km)			
Brazil							
China(5)(6)	1 226	2 789	1 925	1 976	1 292	2 983	3 389
Egypt				•••		•••	
Ethiopia							
India ⁽⁷⁾	2 559	9 491	22 727	27 008			
Indonesia							
Iran			***				
Russia ⁽⁸⁾	495	484	357	493	508	564	
South Africa							
UAE							

Table 11.1 Summary of Transport on BRICS Countries

	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Freight traffi	c (all mean	s) (billion to	ons-km)				
Brazil							
China ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁹⁾⁽¹⁰⁾	4 432	14 184	20 195	22 360	23 178	24 775	25 449
Egypt							
Ethiopia							
India ⁽⁷⁾	810	1 915	3 410	3 905			
Indonesia							
Iran							
Russia	3 638	4 752	5 401	5 713	5 582	5 551	
South Africa		118	145	126	121	107	108
UAE							
Passenger tr	affic by rai	lway (millio	n persons-	km)			
Brazil	416	438	177	394	450	659	753
China	453 259	876 218	826 619	956 781	657 753	1 472 936	1 579 910
Egypt			38 579	29 679			
Ethiopia							
India	457 022	978 508	231 126	590 217	958 919	1 064 700	
Indonesia							•••
Iran					•••		
Russia	167 054	138 885	78 574	104 204	124 024	137 958	
South Africa							
UAE							
Passenger tr	affic by air	(million pe	rsons-km)				
Brazil ⁽¹¹⁾	79 215	158 487	90 079	103 642	190 450	226 608	251 059
China	97 054	403 900	631 128	652 969	391 387	1 030 898	1 291 471
Egypt			13 495	23 768	38 812	49 776	
Ethiopia			6	9	12	15	
India ⁽¹²⁾	26 212	103 172	(13)74 190	(13)118 290	216 536	253 524	^(P) 234 037
Indonesia							
Iran	7 119	17 611	5 184	11 231			
Russia	53 410	147 119	153 512	243 262	227 952	264 699	
South Africa							
UAE							

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Sources

Brazil

1. National Terrestrial Transport Agency - ANTT. 2. National Civil Aviation Agency - ANAC. 3. National Department of Transport Infrastructure, National Transportation System. 4. National Petroleum, Natural Gas and Biofuels National Agency - ANP.

China

1. Ministry of Transport of the People's Republic of China. 2. Civil Aviation Administration of China. 3. China State Railway Group Co., Ltd. 4. China National Petroleum Corporation, Annual Statistical Reports 2000-2024. 5. China National Offshore Oil Corporation, Annual Statistical Reports 2024. 6. National Bureau of Statistics of China. 7. China Petroleum Pipeline Engineering Corporation.

Egypt

1. National Authority for Egyptian Railways. 2. Civil Aviation Authority - Egyptian Ministry of Aviation.

Ethiopia

1. Ethiopian Road Authority. 2. Ministry of Transport and Logistic.

India

1. Ministry of Railways. 2. Ministry of Road, Transport & Highways. 3. Ministry of Petroleum & Natural Gas. 4. Ministry of Civil Aviation, Directorate General of Civil Aviation.

Russia

1. Federal State Statistics Service of the Russian Federation. 2. Federal Road Agency. 3. Federal Air Transport Agency.

South Africa

Transnet.

Notes: TFR has shared ton-kms dating back to 2004/05 as there is a higher degree of confidence in this dataset with it being sourced from the formal Reporting Business Warehouse. Whilst actual distances are available for 2011/12 to 2023/24, average distances have been applied to tons in 2004/05 to 2010/11. It should be noted that TFR's accounting for mass/ton methodology had been updated at approximately 2012/2013 where the accounting no longer incorporated kilolitres, but rather kilolitres converted to tonnage.

Footnotes

Brazil

- (2) Federal roads.
- (11) Domestic and international flights.

China

(5) Since 2013, there have been some changes on the classification, so the data from 2013 and on can not be compared with the previous ones.

- (6) All means: including railway, road, waterway and air.
- (9) Since 2019, there have been some changes on the classification, the data cannot be compared with the previous years.
- (10) All means: including railway, road, waterway, air and pipeline.

India

- (3) The information is as on 31st March of the Year indicated in the table. The information on Highways includes both National and State Highways (Excluding Rural Roads, Project Roads, Urban Roads etc).
- (4) Length of Pipeline includes Crude Oil Pipeline, Natural Gas Pipeline and Petroleum Products Lines
- (7) All means include road, rail and air traffic.
- (12) Information pertains to Financial Year. The figures are for Scheduled Indian operators for their Domestic & International operations.
- (13) International operations were carried as per DGCA circular dated 26-03-2020.
- (P) Provisional data.

Russia

- (4) Roads of category I-a of federal and regional or inter-municipal importance.
- (8) Excluding passenger taxi.

UAE

(1) Length of railways in operation (1 000 km): Total railways network Length in operation by 1.000 km.

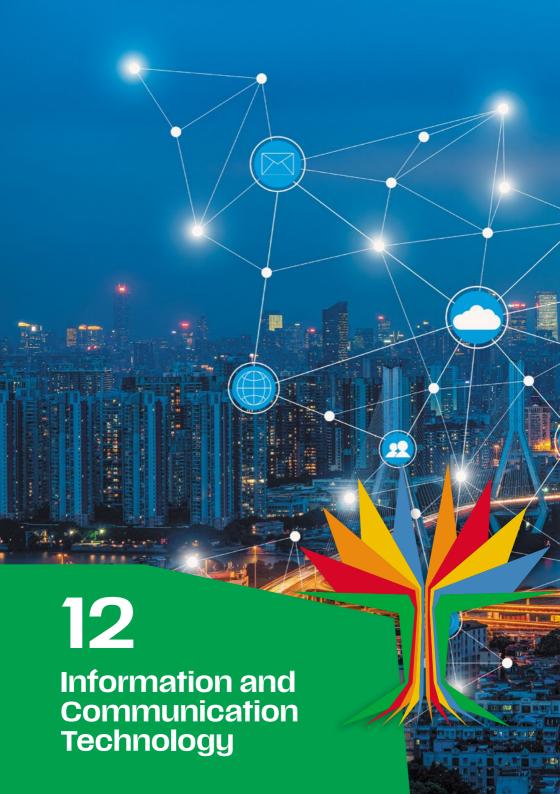




Table 12.1 Summary of Information and Communication Technology on BRICS Countries

	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Main telephone li							
Brazil	186	215	144	135	134	125	106
China ⁽¹⁾	114	220	130	128	127	123	139
Egypt							
Ethiopia							
India ⁽²⁾	26	30	15	17	20	23	
Indonesia							
Iran	•••	•••	342	345	341	336	•••
Russia ⁽³⁾		314	179	166	152	143	
South Africa ⁽⁴⁾			26	21	22	15	
UAE ⁽⁵⁾			256	240	242		
Number of subsc	ribers of ce	llular mobi	le telephoi	nes per 1 0	00 inhabit	ants	
Brazil	140	1 064	972	1 030	1 049	1 050	1 016
China ⁽¹⁾	67	641	1 129	1 163	1 193	1 225	1 271
Egypt			9 397	100 561	95 134	100 278	105 517
Ethiopia			44	53	61	65	
India ⁽²⁾	2	632	849	842	826	830	
Indonesia							
Iran			1 560	1 666	1 750	1 766	
Russia ⁽⁶⁾		1 660	2 081	2 209	2 152	2 232	
South Africa ⁽⁷⁾	185	1 501	1 600	1 628	1 650	1 714	
UAE			1 978	1 947	2 122		
Number of Intern	et users pe	r 1 000 inh	abitants				
Brazil ⁽⁸⁾⁽⁹⁾			813	807	805	841	844
China	18		700	730	756	775	
Egypt							
Ethiopia			0.48	0.58			
India ⁽¹⁰⁾	5	75	585	605	626	670	
Indonesia			537	621	665	692	728
Iran		•••	760	786	802	•••	
Russia ⁽¹¹⁾			850	882	904	922	944
South Africa ⁽¹²⁾			24	31	39	44	
UAE							

Table 12.1 Summary of Information and Communication Technology on BRICS Countries

	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024			
Number of daily newspapers										
Brazil										
China ⁽¹³⁾	2 007	1 939	1 810	1 752	1 709	1 669				
Egypt		27	23	25						
Ethiopia										
India ⁽¹⁴⁾	5 364	10 205	19 971	20 278	20 881	21 642				
Indonesia										
Iran			330	333						
Russia ⁽¹⁵⁾		772	241	207	198	178	172			
South Africa(16)	16				17	17	17			
UAE										

Sources

Brazil

1. National Telecommunication Agency - ANATEL. 2. Brazilian Institute of Geography and Statistics - IBGE, National Household Sample Survey 2007-2015; Projection of the Population by sex and age groups by the component method for the Period 2000-2030. 3. Statistics from the Center of Studies on Information and Communication Technologies - CETIC.br, ICT Households Survey 2008-2015. 4. Associação Nacional de Jornais - ANJ (National Association of Newspapers); http://www.anj.org.br/numero-de-jornais-brasileiros-2. 5. International Telecommunication Union (ITU).

China

1. Ministry of Industry and Information Technology of the People's Republic of China. 2. National Press and Publication Administration, Annual Statistical Reports 2000-2024.

Egypt

Ministry of Telecommunication Egypt.

Ethiopia

Ethiotelecom.

India

1. Telecom Regulatory Authority of India. 2. Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Office of the Registrar of Newspapers for India.

Indonesia

BPS-Statistics Indonesia, National Socio Economic Survey.

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Russia

1. Ministry of Digital Development, Communications and Mass Media of the Russian Federation. 2. Federal State Statistics Service of the Russian Federation. 3. World Bank.

South Africa

1. GHS 2002-2022. Statistics South Africa. 2. South African Audience Research Foundation. 3. International Telecommunication Union (ITU).

Footnotes

Brazil

- (8) Considering population from 10 years old and above.
- (9) Until 2012, comprised only persons who accessed the Internet by personal computer and from 2013 onwards, by any equipment.

China

- (1) PHS subscribers are also included in those of the main telephone lines.
- (13) Kinds of newspapers.

India

- (2) Data is as on 31st December of the year indicated in the table except for 2000 where it is as on 31st March of the year 2001. Data for main telephone lines pertains to wireline whereas that for cellular mobile telephone pertains to wireless subscription.
- (10) Information for 2000-2012 is as per ITU database whereas data for 2013 onwards is as per Telecom Regulatory Authority of India and is on as 31st December of the year indicated in the table.
- (14) Data relates to 31st March of the year indicated in the table except for 2000 where the same is as on 31st December 2000. Data pertains to registered dailies.

Russia

- (3) The number of telephones (including payphones) in the public telephone network per 1 000 people.
- (6) Number of subscriber devices of mobile radiotelephone (cellular) communications per 1 000 population.
- (11) Until 2013 according to the World Bank. Since 2013, based on the sample surveys of the population on the use of ICT.
- (15) Newspapers issued 3 and more times per week (number of titles).

South Africa

Household based question:

- (4) Does the household have access to a telephone line in the dwelling or household? Calculation: Households with a telephone/total population x 1 000. Survey data.
- (7) Data from ITU database.

- (12) Does the household have access to an Internet connection in the dwelling or household? Available from 2009.
- (16) Number of current daily newspapers, including those not printing on weekends and public holidays.

UAE

(5) Fixed Telephone Subscriptions.





Table 13.1 Summary of Finance on BRICS Countries

	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024			
Share of deficit (-	Share of deficit (-) / surplus (+) of general government budget to GDP (%)									
Brazil ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	(-) 3.8	(-) 2.9	(-) 13.5	(-) 4.1	(-) 4.4	(-) 8.2	(-) 6.6			
China	(-) 2.5	(-) 1.6	(-) 6.2	(-) 3.8	(-) 4.7	(-) 4.5	(-) 4.8			
Egypt			(-) 4.6							
Ethiopia										
India ⁽³⁾	9.3	7.0	13.1	9.5	(-) 8.8	(-) 8.8	(-) 7.6			
Indonesia										
Iran										
Russia ⁽⁴⁾	1.4	(-) 3.9	(-) 3.8	0.4	(-) 2.1	(-) 1.8	(-) 1.7			
South Africa ⁽⁵⁾	(-) 1.0		(-) 4.6	(-) 8.9	(-) 4.2	(-) 2.9	(-) 3.3			
UAE ⁽⁶⁾			(-) 2.5	4.0	10.0					
Share of income	tax to reven	ue (%)								
Brazil ⁽⁷⁾		18.5	20.0	20.5	22.8	22.8	22.9			
China	12.4	21.3	26.2	27.7	28.8	25.8	25.2			
Egypt										
Ethiopia	47.2		55.2	56.7	57.2	52.0				
India ⁽³⁾	17.0	27.2	24.7	28.5	30.0	30.0	30.1			
Indonesia										
Iran										
Russia ⁽⁸⁾	27.3	22.3	21.6	22.8	22.8	24.5	23.2			
South Africa ⁽⁵⁾	42.3		39.8	38.9	41.3	41.5	39.6			
UAE ⁽⁹⁾			30.6	33.4	44.8					
M2 supply (year-	end) (billior	us\$)								
Brazil	155.2		775.2	800.7	987.5	1 180.9	1 223.1			
China ⁽¹⁰⁾	1 626.1	10 960.1	33 514.6	37 374.7	38 255.2	41 265.5	43 616.4			
Egypt		•••								
Ethiopia	2 953.8		33 151.6	34 570.9	35 294.4	40 728.9				
India ⁽¹¹⁾	83.2	374.1	675.5	725.0	715.9	754.1				
Indonesia										
Iran										
Russia ⁽¹²⁾	40.9	656.6	793.9	891.8	1 171.3	1 097.0	1 153.2			
South Africa ⁽¹³⁾	62.2	245.7	234.0	231.1	226.0	225.8	246.0			
UAE			402.6	425.6	463.9	551.0				
· .	•••		.52.0	.20.0		556				

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Sources

Brazil

1. Central Bank of Brazil. 2. National Treasury Secretariat.

China

1. Ministry of Finance of the People's Republic of China. 2. The People's Bank of China. 3. National Bureau of Statistics of China.

Egypt

Central Bank of Egypt.

Ethiopia

1. National Bank of Ethiopia. 2. Ministry of Finance.

India

Beserve Bank of India

Russia

1. Federal State Statistics Service of the Russian Federation. 2. Federal Treasury. 3. Bank of Russia.

South Africa

South African Reserve Bank.

UAE

1. Ministry of Finance. 2. Central Bank of UAE.

Footnotes

Brazil

- The general government includes federal government, state governments, and local governments, and excludes Central Bank of Brazil and public enterprises.
- (2) Nominal result.
- (7) Share of taxes on income, profits and capital gains to Total General Government Revenue. Data compiled according to the Government Finance Statistics Manual 2014. Data Subject to change.

China

(10) M2 is calculated using the year-end exchange rates released by State Administration of Foreign Exchange.

India

- (3) Data pertains to General Government. The data for 2023-24 are revised estimates (RE) and data for 2024-25 are budget estimates (BE).
- (11) Information pertains to Financial Year and includes Currency with public, deposit money of the public and post office saving bank deposit. M2 supply (year End) in million US \$ has been calculated on the basis of year end exchange rate of the concerned financial years.

Russia

- (4) Share of deficit/surplus of Federal budget to GDP (%). The calculation carried out on the basis of data of the Federal Treasury.
- (8) Share of profit (income) tax of organisations and income tax of individuals to revenue. The calculation carried out on the basis of data of the Federal Treasury.
- (12) The calculation is according to the data of Bank of Russia.

South Africa

- (5) Fiscal year: year begins on 1 April to 31 March of the following year.
- (13) Calendar year: year begins on 1 January to 31 December (year-end). Year end exchange rates are used.

M2 comprises:

- Notes and coins in circulation outside monetary sector;
- Cheque and transmission deposits;
- Other demand, short & medium term deposits up to 6 months;
- Monthly average exchange rates at year end.

UAE

- (6) Data of deficit (-) / surplus (+) of general government is used.
- (9) Data of Tax income is used exclude the data of tax on payroll, tax of property, tax on goods and services.





Table 14.1 Summary of External Economic Relations on BRICS Countries

	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Value of imp	orts and ex	ports of go	ods and co	mmercial s	ervices (mil	lion US\$)	
Brazil	137 738	481 885	465 402	615 538	750 353	729 387	765 383
China ⁽¹⁾	477 398	3 089 799	5 119 223	6 648 969	6 861 031	6 636 432	
Egypt			112 584	152 378	173 439	150 482	
Ethiopia							
India ⁽²⁾	125 909	824 776	1 009 859	1 436 597	1 674 415	1 634 661	
Indonesia							
Iran							
Russia	168 991	762 792	686 327	926 639	988 263	844 879	856 728
South Africa	70 187	210 349	171 555	235 842	263 614	248 141	246 971
UAE			647 506	772 685	949 889	1 040 253	
Value of imp	orts of goo	ds and com	mercial se	rvices (milli	on US\$)		
Brazil	74 155	250 627	227 198	300 091	369 861	340 195	377 050
China ⁽¹⁾	224 306	1 433 388	2 380 325	3 093 737	3 141 711	3 125 185	
Egypt			72 482	94 039	97 144	82 265	
Ethiopia							
India ⁽²⁾	65 130	450 324	511 960	760 063	898 015	856 525	
Indonesia							
Iran							
Russia	58 471	320 958	304 837	376 923	347 384	379 659	381 451
South Africa	33 129	102 752	78 355	104 932	127 820	123 444	119 489
UAE		178 611	297 228	347 529	427 992	481 852	
Value of exp	orts of goo	ds and com	mercial ser	vices (milli	on US\$)		
Brazil	63 584	231 258	238 204	315 446	380 492	389 192	388 333
China ⁽¹⁾	253 092	1 656 412	2 738 898	3 555 231	3 719 320	3 511 248	
Egypt			40 102	58 339	76 296	68 218	
Ethiopia							
India ⁽²⁾	60 779	374 452	497 898	676 534	776 400	778 136	
Indonesia							
Iran							
Russia	110 520	441 833	381 490	549 717	640 878	465 220	475 277
South Africa	37 058	107 596	93 200	130 911	135 795	124 697	127 482
UAE		238 328	350 277	425 156	521 897	558 402	

Table 14.1 Summary of External Economic Relations on BRICS Countries

61 865

76 106

96 909

105 187

UAE

Table 14.1 Summary of External Economic Relations on BRICS Countries

						(continued)		
	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024		
Value of exports of services (million US\$)									
Brazil	8 396	30 061	27 514	31 482	40 291	45 373	48 477		
China	35 030	178 339	228 883	339 393	372 495	332 055			
Egypt			15 053	21 897	31 574	33 649			
Ethiopia									
India ⁽²⁾	16 268	124 636	206 090	254 530	325 330	341 064			
Indonesia									
Iran									
Russia	11 300	49 159	47 960	55 555	48 802	40 472	42 186		
South Africa	5 039	16 177	8 489	9 146	12 668	14 253	15 916		
UAE			78 121	101 838	154 391	162 042			
Share of cur	rent accoun	t surplus(+)	/deficit(-) t	o GDP (%)					
Brazil	(-) 4.05	(-) 3.92	(-) 1.69	(-) 2.42	(-) 2.16	(-) 1.27	(-) 2.8		
China	1.7	3.9	1.7	2.0	2.5	1.4	2.2		
Egypt			(-) 3.5	(-) 4.1	(-) 2.3	(-) 3.2			
Ethiopia									
India ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾	(-) 0.6	(-) 2.9	0.9	(-) 1.2	(-) 2.0	(-) 0.7			
Indonesia									
Iran	•••								
Russia	16.3	4.1	2.4	6.8	10.5	2.5	2.7		
South Africa	(-) 0.1	(-) 1.3	2.0	3.7	(-) 0.5	(-) 1.6	(-) 0.6		
UAE									
Ratio of exp	orts of aood	s and comr	nercial serv	ices to imp	orts of aoo	ds			
and comme				•	J				
Brazil	85.7	92.3	104.8	105.1	102.9	114.4	103		
China	112.8	115.6	115.1	114.9	118.4	112.4			
Egypt			55.3	62.0	78.5	82.9			
Ethiopia									
India ⁽²⁾	93.3	83.2	97.3	89.0	86.5	90.8	***		
Indonesia									
Iran									
Russia	189	137.7	125.1	145.8	184.5	122.5	124.6		

UAE

South Africa

111.9

104.7

118.9

117.8

124.8

122.3

106.2

121.9

101.0

115.9

106.7

Table 14.1 Summary of External Economic Relations on BRICS Countries

						(continuea)
	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Ratio of exp	orts of good	ls to import	ts of goods	(%)			
Brazil	96.9	110.0	120.4	117.5	117.8	136.7	124
China	115.9	119.2	125.6	121.2	124.8	123.0	
Egypt			40.4	45.0	54.6	50.2	
Ethiopia							
India ⁽²⁾	88.0	67.6	74.0	68.8	63.0	64.4	
Indonesia							
Iran							
Russia	235.5	159.8	138.9	164.1	214.1	140.1	144.3
South Africa	117.2	109.6	126.2	133.3	112.4	105.3	111.8
UAE			115.6	119.1	111.0	105.2	
Inflows of F	OI (million U	IS\$)					
Brazil	32 995	82 390	38 270	46 441	74 606	62 442	71 070
China ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	40 715	114 730	149 340	180 960	189 130	163 253	116 238
Egypt	•••		13 742	16 512	25 063	21 080	
Ethiopia			2 381	4 260	3 670	3 263	
India ⁽²⁾⁽⁶⁾	4 029	34 847	81 973	84 835	71 355	(P)71 279	
Indonesia ⁽⁷⁾	(-) 4 550	15 292	19 175	21 213	24 702	21 543	23 667
Iran			1 389	884	687		
Russia	2 678	43 168	9 479	40 450			
South Africa(8)	888	3 635	3 062	40 215	9 280	3 475	2 469
UAE							
Outflows of	FDI (million	US\$)					
Brazil	2 497	26 763	(-) 3 467	16 239	33 355	25 148	24 319
China(4)(9)		68 811	153 710	178 819	163 121	177 288	
Egypt			7 890	11 390	13 663	11 240	
Ethiopia							
India ⁽²⁾⁽⁶⁾	759	17 195	10 972	17 644	14 020	16 678	
Indonesia ⁽⁷⁾		4 186	5 033	3 927	6 635	7 126	9 158
Iran							
Russia	3 179	52 616	5 847	65 883			
South Africa ⁽¹⁰⁾	271	(-) 76	(-) 1 951	139	2 376	(-) 2 812	(-) 1 275
UAE							

Table 14.1 Summary of External Economic Relations on BRICS Countries

UAF

Table 14.1 Summary of External Economic Relations on BRICS Countries

	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024		
Annual average exchange rates									
Brazil (R\$ per US\$)	1.8	1.8	5.2	5.4	5.2	5.0	5.4		
China (RMB per US\$)	8.3	6.8	6.9	6.5	6.7	7.0	7.1		
Egypt (EGP per US\$)			15.8	15.7	19.2	30.7	45.4		
Ethiopia (ETB per US\$)	8.1		31.3	39.0	48.6	53.3			
India (RS. per US\$) ⁽²⁾	45.7	45.5	74.2	74.5	80.4	82.8			
Indonesia									
Iran (IRR per US\$)									
Russia (RUB per US\$)	28.1	30.4	71.9	73.6	67.5	84.7	92.4		
South Africa (ZAR per US\$)	6.9	7.3	16.5	14.8	16.4	18.5	18.3		
UAE (DHS per US\$)			3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7			

Sources

Brazil

1. Central Bank of Brazil. 2. Ministry of Development, Industry and Foreign Trade. 3. International Monetary Fund.

China

1. State Administration of Foreign Exchange. 2. Ministry of Commerce of the People's Republic of China.

Ethiopia

1. National Bank of Ethiopia. 2. Ministry of Finance.

Snapshot

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India

1. Ministry of Commerce & Industry, Department of Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade; Directorate General of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics. 2. Reserve Bank of India.

Indonesia

1. BPS-Statistics Indonesia, 2. World Bank,

Russia

1. Federal State Statistics Service of the Russian Federation. 2. Bank of Russia. 3. International Monetary Fund.

South Africa

South African Reserve Bank

Footnotes

Brazil

- (11) Cash concept.
- (15) Since April 2015, Brazilian Direct Investment (DI) data is presented in accordance with the sixth edition of Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual (BPM6), edited by IMF, which uses the principle of assets and liabilities instead of the directional principle. Additionally, new sources of information enabled the inclusion of flows of reinvested earnings from 2010 onwards. As of BPM6, the expression "FDI" was replaced by "Direct Investment Liabilities"

China

- (1) Data of imports and exports of goods and commercial services come from the State Administration of Foreign Exchange.
- (4) Data of FDI come from the Ministry of Commerce of the People's Republic of China.
- (5) Since 2005, data for the actual use of FDI have full coverage of banking, securities, and insurance.
- (9) Data for 2000 is for China's non-financial outbound direct investment, and data for 2010-2023 are for industry-wide outbound direct investment.
- (13) In accordance with the Special Data Dissemination Standard (SDDS) of the IMF, China adjusted the statistical coverage of external debt and disseminated the full-scale data on China's external debt in 2015, including RMB-denominated external debt, which was classified into medium-and long-term external debt and short-term external debt by contractual maturity. Outstanding external debt at the end of 2014 was adjusted to the full-scale data on the base of comparable coverage. No adjustments were made for previous years.

India

- (2) All information in case of India pertains to financial year.
- (3) GDP estimates used are at Current Market Prices (with Base Year 2011-12).

- (6) Inflows of FDI (million US\$) is Gross FDI Inflow to India and Outflows of FDI (million US\$) is Net FDI abroad.
- (12) Figures are as on 31st March of the year indicated in the table.
- (P) Provisional.

Indonesia

(7) FDI inflows and outflows data is sourced from World Bank.

Russia

- (14) At the end of the year. The calculation is according to the data of Bank of Russia.
- (16) At the beginning of the year.
- (17) Data are presented in accordance with the 6th version of the IMF's Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Manual.

South Africa

- (8) These indicate on a net basis an increase in liabilities and a decrease in assets.
- (10) These indicate on a net basis a decrease in liabilities and an increase in assets.

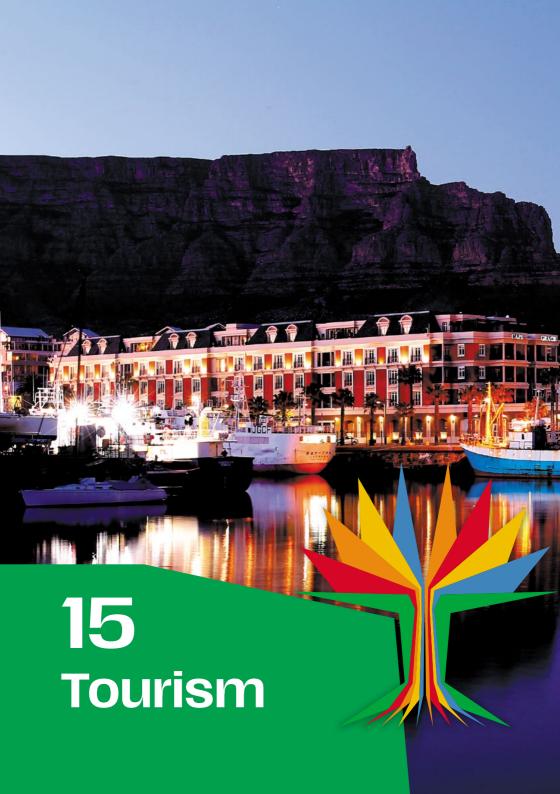




Table 15.1 Number of Foreign Tourists Arrivals in BRICS Countries from Different Continents

Continents	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
of origin			(100	me)			
Africa							
Brazil ⁽¹⁾	345	837	143	92	338	466	553
China	656						
Egypt			332 273	568 903	981 261	995 466	712 068
Ethiopia							
India	902	2 045	903	689	2 345	3 305	^(P) 3 471
Indonesia		28 592	16 621	2 341	29 682	71 652	88 684
Iran		5 568	666	1 254	6 222		
Russia ⁽²⁾		•••	124	223	234	329	381
South Africa		57 412	21 375	18 736	42 373	64 104	67 707
UAE			502	794			
America							
Brazil ⁽¹⁾	38 031	31 963	16 103	4 958	25 730	43 874	49 158
China	12 157	•••	•••				•••
Egypt			172 695	321 729	675 842	789 090	650 726
Ethiopia			•				
India	4 554	12 364	5 439	5 171	17 388	21 597	^(P) 23 009
Indonesia		255 465	134 072	25 073	260 095	566 883	605 684
Iran		6 463	1 090	1 486	9 539		
Russia ⁽²⁾			313	393	237	301	386
South Africa		4 580	1 199	994	3 262	4 559	5 056
UAE			364	575			

Table 15.1 Number of Foreign Tourists Arrivals in BRICS Countries from Different Continents

Continents	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	
of origin		(100 persons-time)						
Asia								
Brazil ⁽¹⁾	1 257	2 201	701	165	899	1 831	2 563	
China	61 015							
Egypt			179 220	141 403	316 038	626 681	783 871	
Ethiopia								
India	10 657	21 337	12 097	5 232	25 330	41 906	^(P) 39 147	
Indonesia	•••	4 707 532	3 050 484	1 433 067	3 834 486	7 231 413	8 648 851	
Iran		1 183 394	928 155	645 235	3 172 248			
Russia ⁽²⁾		•••	16 998	17 385	35 743	60 752	70 637	
South Africa		2 600	575	437	1 179	1 993	2 077	
UAE ⁽³⁾			2 491	3 940				
Europe								
Brazil ⁽¹⁾	13 057	16 149	4 302	2 222	9 017	12 344	14 822	
China	24 890	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		
Egypt			2 305 609	5 358 678	7 336 687	9 577 697	10 243 159	
Ethiopia								
India	9 257	19 779	7 928	3 780	14 882	22 942	^(P) 24 959	
Indonesia		1 048 543	441 179	55 906	960 410	2 000 559	2 377 798	
Iran		1 172 489	617 523	320 466	912 317			
Russia ⁽²⁾			40 794	44 202	27 374	10 396	9 313	
South Africa		13 315	4 467	2 172	9 007	12 449	12 587	
UAE			2 223	3 515				

Table 15.1 Number of Foreign Tourists Arrivals in BRICS Countries from Different Continents

							,	
Continents	2000	2010	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	
of origin	(100 persons-time)							
Australasia								
Brazil ⁽¹⁾	219	463	215	21	317	569	640	
China ⁽⁴⁾	2 818							
Egypt			11 079	8 090	42 905	73 996	60 366	
Ethiopia								
India	676	2 103	1 050	389	4 357	5 348	^(P) 5 886	
Indonesia		819 810	297 786	35 504	722 524	1 625 760	1 956 737	
Iran		3 414	841	455	7 986			
Russia ⁽²⁾			28	11	11	20	26	
South Africa		1 281	247	49	653	1 059	1 190	
UAE								
Others (not	specified)							
Brazil ⁽¹⁾	226	1				1	1	
China	68							
Egypt			676 042	1 599 114	2 371 332	2 843 053	3 330 441	
Ethiopia								
India	405	128	30	11	73	111	(P)98	
Indonesia		143 002	112 781	5 639	81 834	181 558	224 666	
Iran		566 043	1 296	20 539	41			
Russia ⁽²⁾			5 333	8 584	18 826	10 306	9 797	
South Africa		1 547	162	168	508	670	577	
UAE ⁽⁵⁾			2 504	3 960				

Sources

Brazil

Ministry of Tourism.

China

1. National Bureau of Statistics of China, China Statistical Yearbooks 2000-2024. 2. Ministry of Culture and Tourism of the People's Republic of China, The Yearbook of China Tourism Statistics, 2000-2024.

Egypt

Passports and Immigration Department - Ministry of Interior.

Ethiopia

Ethiopian Ministry of Tourism.

India

Ministry of Tourism.

Indonesia

BPS-Statistics Indonesia.

Russia

Federal State Statistics Service of the Russian Federation.

South Africa

Statistics South Africa.

UAE

Federal Competitiveness and Statistics Centre - FCSC.

Footnotes

The figures of Australasia pertains to a region of Oceania that includes Australia, New Zealand, the island of New Guinea, and neighboring islands in the Pacific Ocean.

Brazil

(1) Refers to International Tourists (includes Brazilians living abroad).

China

(4) Refer to Oceania and the Pacific Islands.

India

(P) Provisional data.

Russia

(2) Number of foreign (inbound) tourist visits (in 100). Data are presented according to the official statistical methodology adopted by Rosstat in 2019 year.

UAE

- (3) Asia including Australasia.
- (5) Other including Middle East.





